THE TOWN OF WESTWOOD, MASSACHUSETTS

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR
JULY 1, 2006 – JUNE 30, 2007



WESTWOOD TOWN HALL



The Town of Westwood, Massachusetts



Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For the Fiscal Year July 1, 2006 through June 30, 2007

Board of Selectmen

Patrick J. Ahearn, Chairman Nancy Hyde Anthony J. Antonellis

Prepared by: Pamela Dukeman, Finance Director

Town of Westwood, Massachusetts

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

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Introductory Section

Transmittal Letter

A Few Words About Westwood

Directory of Officials

Organization Chart

Certificate of Achievement



Finance Director Pamela Dukeman and Finance Team Receiving FY06 CAFR Award from Board of Selectmen.

Pictured from left to right: Finance Commission Administrator Sheila Nee, Town Accountant Marie O'Leary, Selectman Patrick Ahearn, Finance Director Pamela Dukeman, Selectman Nancy Hyde, and Assistant Treasurer Patricia Conley.



Town of Westwood

Commonwealth of Massachusetts

Office of the Finance Director

580 High Street, Westwood, MA 02090 (781) 320-1010 Email:
PDukeman@Townhall.Westwood.MA.US

Letter of Transmittal

December 11, 2007

To the Honorable Board of Selectmen and Citizens of the Town of Westwood:

State law requires the Town of Westwood to publish at the close of each fiscal year a complete set of financial statements in conformity with accounting principals generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) that are audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the Town of Westwood, Massachusetts, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2007 for your review.

The report is designed to be used by the elected and appointed officials of the Town and others who are concerned with its management and progress such as bond analysts, banking institutions and credit raters as well as residents and taxpayers of Westwood.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the Town of Westwood. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The Town of Westwood's financial statements have been audited by Powers & Sullivan, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the Town of Westwood for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principals used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unqualified opinion that the Town of Westwood's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the Town of Westwood was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are available in the Town of Westwood's separately issued Single Audit Report.

GAAP require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is

designed to compliment MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The Town of Westwood's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Profile of the Town

Westwood was incorporated as a Town in 1897. With a population of approximately 15,000, Westwood is located in eastern Massachusetts, 13 miles south of Boston, with a land area of 11 square miles. Situated at the junction of Routes 95/128 and 93, Westwood provides an excellent location for its residents and its businesses. The Town offers the further convenience of two commuter rail lines, full MBTA bus service on some major routes, and Amtrak high speed rail access to Boston and New York.

Westwood is known throughout the state for its high quality school system and beautiful open space. Westwood students consistently score in the top percentiles on national tests, and the overwhelming majority of students graduating from the High School go on to higher education. The recent completion of a brand new state of the art High School will continue to ensure a top quality education for our students.

Westwood is recognized throughout the state for its attractive open space and rambling New England stone walls.

The Town offers a full range of services including police and fire protection, education, maintenance of streets and infrastructure, solid waste collection and disposal, health and human services, cultural and recreational, administrative and financial services.

The Town operates under a Board of Selectmen/Open Town Meeting/Town Administrator form of government. The elected, three-member Board of Selectmen makes policy decisions. The Town Administrator is responsible for carrying out the policies and direction of the Board of Selectmen and for managing the day-to-day operations of the Town.

An elected, five-member School Committee appoints a School Superintendent who administers the public school system of the Town. School Committee members, like the Board of Selectmen, are elected at-large to three-year staggered terms.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

The Town of Westwood continues to reflect a strong local economic condition. The per capita income continues to rise and is significantly higher than state averages. The Town also has an extremely low unemployment rate.

The Town remains a very desirable community and this is reflected in the strong residential sales market. The Town offers a unique mix of proximity to Boston and major highways and transportation, while maintaining a desirable residential community. The Town offers a broad range of high quality services, outstanding public education, and an attractive quality of life.

The Town is currently facing a major, positive change in commercial property value. In order to improve commercial development, the Town has taken steps over the last few years to enhance the desirability of its major commercial area. Formerly known as University Avenue Park, the commercial area is situated in a far corner of the Town's geographical area, bordering major highways and a commuter rail system with connections to Boston as well as Amtrak service to Providence, Rhode Island and New York City.

Since the passage of these steps, including zoning and permitting changes, a major developer has assembled 17 parcels, totaling 137 acres. They have begun developing a master plan for the area which contemplates 4.5 million square feet of mixed use development including residential, commercial, and retail components. The development will be known as *Westwood Station*.



Although many local and state approvals will be required for a project of this magnitude, the Town expects that the resulting significant new revenue will outweigh the additional service costs. The overall goal is to achieve a redevelopment project that mitigates any transportation and environmental concerns, provides for an enhanced and stable commercial tax base, and maintains the quality of the community.

A major step forward occurred on November 2, 2007 when the development was approved by the Massachusetts Environmental Protection Agency (MEPA). Westwood Station's development plans have undergone a comprehensive review by local permitting authorities and a Special Permit is expected to be issued in November, 2007.

With a groundbreaking targeted for December 2007, the project has enjoyed an exciting amount of retail interest.

On the Town's operating side, the stabilization of the state budget has had a positive impact on the state aid received by the Town. After several years of level funding, actual state aid increased in FY07 and will again increase for FY08. While not a major source of revenue for the Town, increases in state aid lessen the burden on property taxes.

The recent major change to the state school construction program has also had a major, positive financial impact on the Town. In FY06, the Town received significant state funds for the new High School project. In FY07, the state has now committed to stabilized annual payments of approximately \$3M which are directly applied to the school relevant debt, thereby limiting the burden on the taxpayers. The change in the state program eliminates the uncertainty that existed in prior years.

The Town continues to manage its financial affairs in a prudent manner, primarily through considerable long term planning and strong financial policies. It has maintained its "**excellent**" bond rating of Aa1 even with the overall unsettled economy. It has been able to do so by incorporating long range planning tools such as a five-year Capital Improvement Program; maintaining reserve balances despite tight budgets; investing in technology to ensure efficient operations; and maintaining an aggressive pay as you go financing strategy for capital improvements. The Town's long-term policies will preserve its strong financial position for the foreseeable future.

In FY07, the Town continued to demonstrate its commitment to the Financial Policy of maintaining and building an appropriate reserve account. Despite a tight budget process, the Town did not use any funding from the Stabilization Fund and in fact continued towards building the account to the policy goal level, which is 4% of general fund net operating revenues.

The Town has remained dedicated to an aggressive retirement of debt policy. Debt is issued for shorter time periods than allowed, typically ten years. In FY06, the Town aggressively pursued and received state funding to retire a \$5M short-term ban for the High School project. The Town monitors and schedules retirement and issuance of debt to ensure that debt service does not exceed 10% of operating budget to ensure availability of resources for ongoing operations.

The Town has also enhanced its revenue flexibility by establishing an enterprise fund for sewer operations. This has allowed the Town to shift one hundred percent of the operating cost and capital improvements to the users of sewer services so that no tax support goes towards providing these services. All sewer related debt is related to the sewer infrastructure and is funded through sewer user fees. By doing so the Town is able to provide the maximum tax dollars available to all other services.

In FY07, the Town completed the new High School and recreational sports field complex. This new facility, opened to students in April, 2005, offers enhanced education facilities as well as new recreational facilities and programs for the entire community.

Major initiatives for FY08 will include centering efforts on the Westwood Station project, ensuring that this exciting new development proceeds appropriately and impacts the community in a positive manner. Particular focus will be given to ensuring that new revenue from this project strengthens the reserve and capital accounts according to the Town's Financial Policies as well as enhancing delivery of current services.

Financial and Management Systems

Internal Controls

Management of the Town is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure the assets of the Town are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The Finance Director is responsible for evaluating the adequacy and effectiveness of the internal control structure and implementing improvements.

Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the Town of Westwood's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement.

Budgetary Controls

The Town Administrator is responsible for preparing and presenting the budget to the Board of Selectmen. The Selectmen review all requests and Town wide issues and present a budget to Town Meeting for approval. A fifteen member Finance Commission reviews the budget and makes recommendations to Town Meeting.

The level of budgetary control is established by Town Meeting and this approval defines the level at which expenditures may not exceed appropriations. This level is typically at the individual department salary and expense level. The Town Accountant is responsible for ensuring all payroll and invoices are within the budgetary control level before authorizing payment. Additional appropriations may be approved at subsequent Town Meetings. The Finance Commission, upon request by the Board of Selectmen, may approve during the year a transfer from a reserve fund established at Town Meeting. These controls ensure compliance with the budget approved by Town Meeting.

Cash Management

Cash management is handled by the Town Treasurer. The Town Treasurer monitors the Town's cash flow and provides for the investment of Town funds. The Treasurer seeks to maximize the return on Town funds while maintaining adequate protection and liquidity of funds.

Quarterly tax billings and excellent collection rates have eliminated the need to borrow on a short term basis to maintain cash flow. The Town's investment options are governed by Massachusetts General Laws and focus on safety, liquidity and yield.

Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to general liability, property and casualty, workers' compensation and unemployment compensation claims.

Buildings and property are fully insured against fire, theft and natural disaster to the extent that losses exceed \$1,000 per incident.

The Town is a member of the Massachusetts Interlocal Insurance Association ("MIIA"), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for workers' compensation benefits for employees other than uniformed police and fire personnel. MIIA is self-sustaining through member premiums and reinsures through commercial companies for stop loss insurance. The total premiums assessed by MIIA to the Town in 2007 were approximately \$182,000 and were recorded in the General Fund.

The Town takes specific measures to reduce all risk exposure. The Town has an Employee Safety Committee which meets bi-monthly to review claims and accidents, and develops and implements safety programs.

Debt Administration

The Town Treasurer has oversight of all Town debt. The Town's credit rating was reaffirmed as an Aa1 rating in 2007, a strong reflection on the financial condition and management of the Town.

The Town seeks to maintain a ten year repayment policy whenever possible. This policy has worked very well in structuring a smooth debt schedule. In addition, this policy permits the Town to continually address capital needs through debt replacement programs.

It is the Town's policy for sewer debt to be paid through sewer receipts. In addition, the Town has issued sewer debt through a state program with resulting interest rates of 1.26%.

As of June 30, 2007, the Town has outstanding long-term debt of \$44,947,828, of which \$3,022,828 is sewer construction debt. Bonds issued for road and school improvements were approved as debt exclusions to Proposition 2 ½. The additional tax payments for the bonds will end when the bonds are repaid. The school related debt qualifies for state programs that will pay for 59% of the total principal and interest costs.

The Town has authorized and unissued debt of \$2,425,000 for school expansion, \$1,195,000 for public works projects and \$245,000 for land acquisition projects. Total authorized and unissued debt as of June 30, 2007 is \$3,865,000.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Town of Westwood for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of a state and local government financial report. Westwood has received this award annually since FY97.

In order to be awarded the Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, whose contents conform to program standards. The report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA.



In FY2006, FY00, FY99 and FY98 the Town received the GFOA Distinguished Budget Award. This award is the highest form of recognition in governmental budgeting and is a significant achievement for the Town and the financial staff. In order to qualify for the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, the government's budget document was judged to be proficient in several categories including policy documentation, finance, financial planning and organization.

In August 2005 Money Magazine ranked Westwood 13th on its list of America's 100 "Best Places to Live". The initial database included over 400,000 different places. Westwood ranked highest among the four Massachusetts communities. Our highest marks were in the crime and education categories.

This report represents significant effort by the entire financial team of the Town, whose dedicated efforts have significantly improved the financial operations of the Town. I particularly would like to acknowledge the efforts of Sheila Nee, whose assistance was invaluable in the preparation of this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. I would also like to thank the Town's management team for their recognition of the importance of the CAFR and the encouragement given to the financial departments.

Respectfully submitted,

Ramela Dukeman

Pamela Dukeman Finance Director

A Few Words About Westwood....



Westwood was incorporated as a town in 1897 and has a current population of approximately 14,626. The town is located in eastern Massachusetts, 13 miles south of its capital city of Boston. One major attraction of Westwood is its location in relation to Boston and major roadways. The commuter rail has four convenient stops within five minutes of town, one of which doubles as an Amtrak station. The Amtrak station provides connections originating in Boston and continuing to Providence, Rhode Island and New York City.

Westwood is recognized for the quality of its schools. Students consistently score in the top percentile on national tests, and the overwhelming majority of students graduating from the High School go on to higher education.

Westwood operates under a Board of Selectmen/Open Town Meeting/Town Administrator form of government. The elected, three-member Board of Selectmen makes policy decisions. The Town Administrator is responsible for carrying out the policies and direction of the Board of Selectmen and for managing the day-to-day operations of the town. An elected, five-member School Committee appoints a School Superintendent who administers the town's public school system. School Committee members, like the Board of Selectmen, are elected at-large to three-year staggered terms.

The town maintains many recreational areas and facilities, including numerous conservation areas, playgrounds, ball fields and an indoor pool facility. The town has two libraries, a senior center and numerous community-sponsored events for residents.

From a natural perspective, the town works very hard to conserve land. It is the hope of preservation workers that Westwood can create its own emerald necklace with its conservation land and walking paths. Hale Reservation is one of the town's hidden gems. With 1,200 acres of wooded area and a large pond, Hale is an active part of the community. During the summer, Hale's membership beach attracts over 500 families. Hale Reservation is the largest summer day camp in the nation with 2,025 students.

The formation of Westwood has been influenced by a number of factors. Character, community, and location are just three of its most admirable traits.

Town of Westwood, Massachusetts

Principal Officials

Board of Selectmen

Anthony J. Antonellis, Chairman Patrick J. Ahearn Nancy C. Hyde

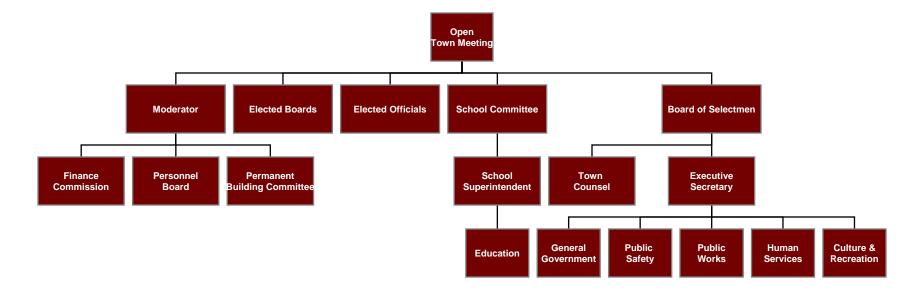
Town Administrator – Michael Jaillet Finance Director – Pamela Dukeman School Superintendent – John Antonucci Town Treasurer – James Gavin Police Chief – William Chase Fire Chief – William Scoble DPW Director – Timothy Walsh

Town of Westwood, Massachusetts

Total Budget Salaries of Principal Officials June 30, 2007

Position	Salary
School Superintendent Assistant School Superintendent	\$141,625 \$122,070
Town Administrator Police Chief Fire Chief Department of Public Works Director	\$121,076 \$111,590 \$111,322 \$109,920
Finance Director Library Director Town Counsel Information Systems Director Town Accountant	\$ 94,487 \$ 84,282 \$ 81,607 \$ 78,398 \$ 74,024
Recreation Director Health Director Town Clerk (Elected) Building Commissioner Council on Aging Director Youth Director Assistant Treasurer	\$ 72,402 \$ 68,038 \$ 68,409 \$ 67,915 \$ 66,188 \$ 62,758 \$ 52,936
Board of Selectmen (Elected) Board of Assessors (Elected) Treasurer (Elected) Tax Collector (Elected)	\$ 2,000 \$ 1,800 \$ 4,000 \$ 4,000

The Town of Westwood





Elected Boards

Regional Vocational School Rep.

Housing Authority

Library Trustees

Planning Board

Assessors

Elected Officials

Town Clerk

Town Collector

Town Treasurer

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Town of Westwood Massachusetts

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

THE DESCRIPTION OF THE STATE OF

President

Executive Director

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Financial Section

Independent Auditors' Report

General Purpose Financial Statements

Combining Individual Fund and Account Group Financial Statements and Schedules







At Special Town Meetings in 2000 and 2002, Westwood residents reaffirmed their commitment to education by approving a total of \$44 million for the construction of a new high school and recreational sports fields. In April, 2005 the new high school was opened for students.

Certified Public Accountants



100 Quannapowitt Parkway Suite 101 Wakefield, MA 01880 T. 781-914-1700 F. 781-914-1701 www.powersandsullivan.com

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Honorable Board of Selectmen Town of Westwood, Massachusetts

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Westwood, Massachusetts, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Town of Westwood, Massachusetts' management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Westwood, Massachusetts, as of June 30, 2007, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows where applicable, thereof for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As described in Note 6, the Town has retroactively reported all major general infrastructure assets acquired prior to July 1, 2003, as allowed by the provisions of GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments*, as amended and interpreted, as of June 30, 2007.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 11, 2007, on our consideration of the Town of Westwood, Massachusetts' internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreement and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements taken as a whole. The combining and individual fund statements and schedules, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for the purpose of supplementary analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements of the Town of Westwood, Massachusetts. Such supplementary information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly presented in all material respects in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Management's discussion and analysis, located on the following pages, and the schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance – general fund – budgetary basis, located after the notes to the basic financial statements, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

The introductory section and statistical sections, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

December 11, 2007

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the Town of Westwood, we offer readers of these financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007. We encourage readers to consider the information presented in this report in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the authoritative standard setting body that provides guidance on how to prepare financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principals (GAAP). Users of these financial statements (such as investors and rating agencies) rely on the GASB to establish consistent reporting standards for all governments in the United States. This consistent application is the only way users (including citizens, the media, legislators and others) can assess the financial condition of one government compared to others.

Governments must adhere to GASB pronouncements in order to issue their financial statements in conformity with GAAP. The users of financial statements also rely on the independent auditor's opinion. If the Town of Westwood's financial statements have significant departures from GAAP the independent auditors' may issue a qualified opinion or a disclaimer (where no opinion is given). These types of opinions may have an adverse effect on the Town's bond rating and our ability to borrow money at favorable interest rates. The Town of Westwood has enjoyed an unqualified opinion on its financial statements since the fiscal year ended June 30, 1984.

Financial Highlights

- The governmental assets of the Town of Westwood exceeded it's liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$107.4 million (net assets).
- Of this amount, 6% or \$7 million (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The Town reported general infrastructure assets acquired prior to the implementation of GASB 34 for the first time in fiscal year 2007. This resulted in a beginning net asset adjustment of \$41 million.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, the Town of Westwood's general fund reported an ending fund balance of \$3.2 million, a decrease of \$477,000 in comparison with the prior year. Total fund balance represents 5.3% of total general fund expenditures. Approximately \$1.3 million of this total amount is available for appropriation at the government's discretion and \$1.1 million was appropriated to balance the subsequent year's budget.
- The Town of Westwood's total governmental debt decreased by \$1.1 million during the current fiscal year.
 This was the effect of principal payments on long-term debt of \$4.2 million and new BAN issues of \$3.4 million.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town of Westwood's basic financial statements. The Town of Westwood's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. The government-wide financial statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the Town as a whole. The fund financial statements focus on the individual components of the Town government, reporting the Towns' operations in more detail than the government wide-statements. Both presentations (government-wide and fund) allow the user to address relevant questions, broaden the basis of comparison and enhance the Town's accountability. An additional part of the basic financial statements are the notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town of Westwood's finances, in a manner similar to private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the Town of Westwood's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town of Westwood in improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing or the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities include general government, public safety, education, public works, human services, culture and recreation, interest and state and county charges. The business-type activities include the activities of the sewer enterprise fund.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town of Westwood, like other state and local governments, use fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Town of Westwood can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Town of Westwood adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison schedule is included as required supplementary information for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

Proprietary funds. The Town maintains one type of propriety fund.

Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Town uses an enterprise fund to account for its sewer operations.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources

of those funds are not available to support the Town of Westwood's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

Notes to financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Town of Westwood, assets exceeded liabilities by \$123.9 million at the close of the fiscal year 2007

Net assets of \$111.8 million (90%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The Town uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the investment in its capital assets is reported net of its related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the Town of Westwood's net assets \$2.5 million (2%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets \$9.7 million (8%) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town of Westwood is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net assets, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities.

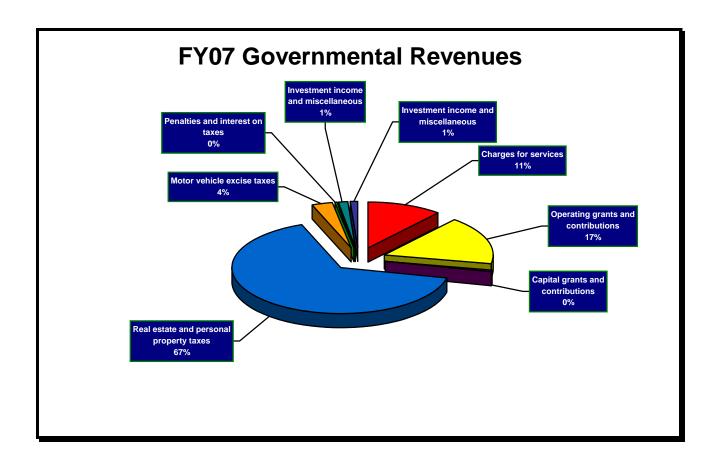
Comparative Financial Data – Governmental Activities

Governmental Activities:		Balance at June 30, 2007		Balance at June 30, 2006
Assets:				
Current assets	\$	18,552,059	\$	20,038,447
Noncurrent assets (excluding capital)		21,917,000		23,745,000
Capital assets, not being depreciated		50,862,255		49,830,679
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		66,217,523		67,238,506
Total assets		157,548,837		160,852,632
Liabilities:				
Current liabilities (excluding debt)		4,175,707		6,576,134
Noncurrent liabilities (excluding debt)		630,252		483,000
Current debt		7,555,000		4,440,000
Noncurrent debt		37,760,000		41,925,000
Total liabilities		50,120,959	•	53,424,134
Net Assets:				
Capital assets net of related debt		98,291,275		98,408,025
Restricted		2,460,440		1,964,324
Unrestricted		6,676,163		7,056,149
Total net assets	\$ _	107,427,878	\$	107,428,498

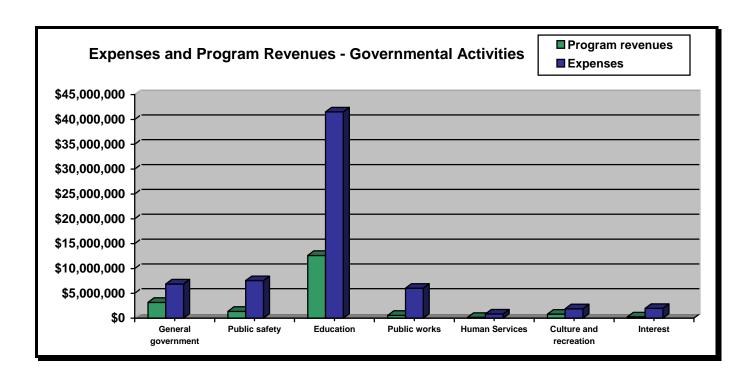
Governmental activities. The governmental activities net assets remained consistent during the current fiscal year. This indicates that the financial condition of the Town neither deteriorated nor improved.

Governmental Activities:		Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007	_	Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$	7,412,474	\$	4,919,386
Operating grants and contributions		11,341,858		11,286,009
Capital grants and contributions		255,834		3,890,753
General revenues:				
Real estate and personal property taxes		43,748,150		41,634,700
Motor vehicle excise taxes		2,138,434		2,226,361
Nonrestricted grants and contributions		945,762		789,487
Unrestricted investment income		707,268		688,030
Miscellaneous revenues		136,770		125,002
Total revenues		66,686,550		65,559,728
Expenses:				
General government		6,876,348		4,050,919
Public safety		7,571,002		6,681,974
Education		41,522,952		40,436,635
Public works		6,025,150		6,870,792
Human services		844,529		676,238
Culture and recreation		1,880,631		1,476,621
Interest		1,966,558		2,115,474
Total expenses		66,687,170	_	62,308,653
Change in net assets	\$	(620)	\$	3,251,075

- Charges for services represent about 11% of governmental activities resources. The Town can exercise
 more control over this category of revenue than any other. Fees charged for services rendered that are
 set by the Board of Selectmen are included in this category. General Government Charges for Services
 for fiscal year 2007 includes approximately \$2.2 million in non-recurring fees collected for the Westwood
 Station Project to provide for the employment of outside consultants.
- Operating and capital grants and contributions account for 17% of the governmental activities resources.
 Most of these resources apply to education operations. These resources offset cost within the school department in addition to their General Fund operating budget.
- Property taxes are by far the most significant revenue source for the Town's governmental activities. They comprise 67% of all resources.
- Motor vehicle excise taxes comprise 4% of the governmental activities resources.



- Education is by far the largest governmental activity of the Town at 62%. Program revenues of \$12.6 million provided direct support to education and \$28.9 million in taxes and other general revenue were needed to cover the remaining FY 2007 operating expenses.
- Public safety and public works are significant activities of the Town. Program revenues for public safety
 of \$1.4 million and \$575 thousand in public works directly supported \$7.6 million and \$6.0 million of
 operating expenses respectively. Taxes and other general revenue of \$11.7 million were needed to cover
 the remaining FY 2007 operating expenses. Combined, they represent 20% of governmental activity
 expenses.



Business-type activities. For sewer business-type activities assets exceeded liabilities by \$16.5 million at the close of fiscal year 2007. Capital assets net of related debt was \$13.5 million (81%) while unrestricted net assets was \$3.1 million (19%). There was an increase of \$96 thousand in net assets reported in connection with the sewer enterprise. This relative small change in net assets reflects management's goal of maintaining the system while only charging users for the cost of operations.

Comparative Revenues & Expenses – Business-type

		Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007	Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006
Program revenues:			
Charges for services	\$	3,788,725	\$ 3,512,966
Operating grants and contributions		72,022	76,158
Capital grants and contributions		180,440	169,507
Total revenues		4,041,187	3,758,631
Expenses:			
Sewer		3,944,791	3,472,503
Change in net assets	\$	96.396	\$ 286.128

Comparative Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets – Business-type

	Balance at June 30, 2007			Balance at June 30, 2006
Assets:				
Current assets	\$	2,657,737	\$	2,676,228
Noncurrent assets (excluding capital)		486,151		526,193
Capital assets, not being depreciated		350,850		350,850
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		16,143,804	_	16,381,010
Total assets		19,638,542		19,934,281
Liabilities:				
Current liabilities (excluding debt)		75,960		50,425
Current debt		421,953		417,670
Noncurrent debt		2,600,875		3,022,828
Total liabilities		3,098,788		3,490,923
Net Assets:				
Capital assets net of related debt		13,471,826		13,291,362
Unrestricted		3,067,928		3,151,996
Total net assets	\$	16,539,754	\$	16,443,358

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, The Town of Westwood uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the Town of Westwood's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town of Westwood's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$8.4 million, a decrease of \$1.9 million from the prior year. Half of the decrease is attributable to the net change in the New High School major fund. Of the remaining decrease, approximately \$477 thousand is attributable to the general fund and approximately \$515 thousand is attributable to other nonmajor funds which includes a \$444 thousand decrease in the capital projects related to facilities renovations.

The general fund is the chief operating fund. At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance of the general fund was \$2.4 million, while total fund balance was \$3.2 million. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unreserved fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unreserved fund balance represents 3.9% of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 5.3% of that same amount.

The fund balance of the general fund decreased by \$477 thousand. The decrease was expected as the Town budgeted prior year fund balance to support current operations.

The Town also maintains a stabilization fund, which management has classified as a major governmental fund. The stabilization fund has a year end balance of \$969 thousand which represents 1.6% of general fund expenditures. These funds can be used for general or capital purposes upon Town Meeting approval. Please refer to Note 11 for additional information on the Town's stabilization fund.

The New High School Fund is used to account for the construction of a new High School facility. At June 30, 2007, the New High School Fund's temporary deficit of (\$1.5) million is comprised of \$469 thousand of unspent funds and \$1.9 million outstanding payables. The fund deficit will increase as the cash is spent to complete the project and the deficit will be funded through additional borrowing. The students moved into the new facility in February 2005. The remaining site work and demolition of the old high school have continued while the school was occupied and are in the final stages of completion.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Actual general fund revenues exceeded the final budget amount by 1%, primarily occurring in the licenses and permits and investment income accounts. Building permitting receipts continued to be strong, reflecting a strong residential housing market and commitment of residents to remain in Town.

Investment income exceeded budget by 153% due to conservative budgeting and high interest rates.

Actual general fund expenditures are lower than final budget by 3%, with the majority of the variance occurring in unused appropriations of the reserve fund and employee benefits.

The reserve account varied from budget by approximately \$205,000, as reserve funds were not fully required to fund unanticipated events.

The general fund employee benefits expenditures were lower than the final budget by approximately \$80,000.

The \$164 thousand increase between the original budget and the final amended budget was due to supplementary appropriations to fund the stabilization fund (\$25,000), the school department budget (\$118,000) and the council on aging budget (\$21,000).

This was funded through the Town's available fund balance in the general fund as well as the release of funds that were previously reserved for tax abatements.

Capital Assets and Debt Management

In conjunction with the operating budget, the Town annually prepares a capital budget which includes detailed information concerning those capital requests for the upcoming fiscal year as well as summary information for the following four fiscal years to identify current projections of what level of capital outlay will be required in future years.

As part of the capital plan the Town has historically financed the acquisition of some capital assets from current revenue. As noted above, this policy will continue to improve the financial position as net assets will increase by the amount of acquisitions less the current depreciation.

Major capital assets are funded by the issuance of long and short-term debt and capital grants. The effect on net assets during the construction phase of the project is neutral for assets acquired with debt since the Town increases its assets and associated liability by the same amount. In subsequent years the net assets will be reduced through depreciation and will be increased by the revenues raised to support the debt principal payments. Net assets are increased for assets acquired with grant funds since there is no corresponding liability incurred.

Outstanding long-term debt of the general government, as of June 30, 2007, totaled \$41,925,000, of which, \$39,012.000 is related to school projects, leaving a balance of only \$2,913,000 for other non-school related projects.

Outstanding short-term debt of the general government, as of June 30, 2007, totaled \$3,390,000. This consisted of a \$245,000 BAN for the acquisition of East Street Land which was renewed subsequent to year end, a \$1,000,000 BAN for High Street construction, a \$195,000 BAN for street lights, and a \$1,950,000 BAN for the High School Construction project.

The enterprise fund has \$3,022,828 in sewer enterprise debt that is fully supported by the rates and do not rely on a general fund subsidy.

The Town's major capital project is used to account for the Town's new high school construction project which is anticipated to cost approximately \$46 million. To fund the project, the Town has issued long term debt, used a capital grant from the Massachusetts Building Authority and has additional authorization to borrow for the remainder of the project. The Massachusetts School Building Authority is committed to provide assistance in the form of a capital grant of 59% of up to \$40 million of the cost of the project through the state's school building assistance program. The Town has recorded approximately \$23 million of capital grants equal to 59% the allowable capital expenses incurred each year.

Please refer to notes 6, 7, 8 and 9 to the financial statements for further discussion of the Town's major capital and debt activity.

CAPITAL ASSETS

Governmental activities:	Cost of Capital Assets Capital Assets of year		Accumulated Depreciation at end of year	-	Capital Assets, net
Land\$ Construction in progress Buildings and improvements Vehicles Machinery and equipment Furniture and fixtures Infrastructure	5,858,382 45,003,873 39,331,926 5,520,819 5,745,501 261,123 80,996,808	\$	(17,793,129) (3,644,383) (4,408,557) (166,756) (39,625,829)	\$	5,858,382 45,003,873 21,538,797 1,876,436 1,336,944 94,367 41,370,979
Total governmental activities	182,718,432	·	(65,638,654)		117,079,778
Business-type activities:					
Land Plant and infrastructure Other buildings and improvements Vehicles Machinery and equipment Furniture and fixtures	350,850 25,653,132 5,955,061 248,354 297,676 35,323		(13,299,151) (2,378,846) (190,591) (141,831) (35,323)	-	350,850 12,353,981 3,576,215 57,763 155,845
Total business-type activities	32,540,396		(16,045,742)	-	16,494,654
Total capital assets\$	215,258,828	\$	(81,684,396)	\$	133,574,432

GOVERNMENTAL BONDS PAYABLE

Project	Interest Rate (%)		Outstanding at June 30, 2006		Issued	Redeemed	 Outstanding at June 30, 2007
Middle school/gym	3.50-4.00	\$	705,000	\$	- \$	235,000	\$ 470,000
Middle school/gym	3.50-4.00		165,000		-	55,000	110,000
Land acquisition	3.50-4.00		120,000		-	40,000	80,000
Senior center	3.50-4.00		72,000		-	24,000	48,000
School fields	3.50-4.00		57,000		-	19,000	38,000
Middle school/gym completion	3.50-4.00		45,000		-	15,000	30,000
Middle school/gym completion	3.50-4.00		21,000		-	7,000	14,000
Martha Jones School construction	3.90-5.00		4,320,000		-	720,000	3,600,000
Downey School construction	3.90-5.00		3,780,000		-	630,000	3,150,000
Striar land purchase	3.90-5.00		780,000		-	130,000	650,000
Cemetery land purchase	3.90-5.00		180,000		-	30,000	150,000
School planning	2.50-5.38		33,575,000		-	1,975,000	31,600,000
Public building	3.00-5.00		2,080,000		-	260,000	1,820,000
Public building	3.00-5.00	-	190,000	_		25,000	 165,000
Total governmental bonds payable		\$	46,090,000	\$_	\$	4,165,000	\$ 41,925,000

ENTERPRISE BONDS PAYABLE

Project	Interest Rate (%)		Outstanding at June 30, 2006	. <u>-</u>	Issued	Redeemed	 Outstanding at June 30, 2007
Sewer	3.50-4.00 3.50-4.00	\$	240,000 120,000	\$	- \$ -	40,000	\$ 160,000 80,000
Sewer (WPAT)	388.00% 3.90-5.00	-	2,180,498 900,000		<u>-</u>	147,670 150,000	 2,032,828 750,000
Total enterprise bonds payable		\$	3,440,498	\$_	\$	417,670	\$ 3,022,828

The Town of Westwood maintains an "AA+" rating from Standard & Poor's and an AA1 from Moody's for general obligation debt.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates

- The Commonwealth of Massachusetts has stabilized its financial condition. The increases will come
 primarily in the categories of education. The Town has benefited from a change in the educational
 distribution formula. The Town has budgeted an increase of \$540,000 or 17% for local aid for FY08
 based on the final state budget.
- The operating budget increased by \$4.8 million (8.4%) over the FY07 budget. This increase is attributable to Town appropriations increasing by \$492 thousand (3.7%), school increases of \$3.5 million (12.9%), a (.7%) decrease of \$40 thousand in debt service, and a \$551 thousand (7.6%) increase in employee health insurance and other benefit costs.
- The FY08 budget also includes a \$225,000 energy reserve account to provide for potential significant increases in energy and utility costs in FY08.
- The FY08 tax levy includes an additional \$2.7 million voter approval override of proposition 2 ½ for school budget increases.

All these factors were considered in preparing the Town of Westwood's budget for fiscal year 2008.

The official tax rates for FY08 have been set. The Town's residential tax rate is \$11.74, which increased by 9.4% from the FY07 rate. The tax rate increase is primarily due to the voter approved tax override to support the school budget.

Sewer rates will increase by 4.5% for fiscal year 2008 primarily due to the increase in the assessment charged by the Massachusetts Water Resource Authority (MWRA).

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town of Westwood's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Director of Finance, Town Hall, 580 High Street, Westwood, Massachusetts 02090

Basic Financial Statements

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STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

JUNE 30, 2007

		Primary Government					
		Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total	
ASSETS	-				•		
CURRENT:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	14,584,006	\$	692,370	\$	15,276,376	
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles:							
Real estate and personal property taxes		441,834		-		441,834	
Tax liens		128,741		-		128,741	
Motor vehicle excise taxes		133,333		1 005 005		133,333	
User charges Departmental and other		80,882		1,925,325		1,925,325 80,882	
Special assessments		324		_		324	
Intergovernmental	-	3,182,939		40,042		3,222,981	
Total Current Assets	-	18,552,059		2,657,737	•	21,209,796	
NONCURRENT:							
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles:							
Intergovernmental		21,917,000		486,151		22,403,151	
Capital assets, not being depreciated		50,862,255		350,850		51,213,105	
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	_	66,217,523		16,143,804		82,361,327	
Total Noncurrent Assets		138,996,778		16,980,805		155,977,583	
TOTAL ASSETS	-	157,548,837		19,638,542	•	177,187,379	
TOTAL ASSETS	-	137,340,037		19,030,342	•	177,107,579	
LIABILITIES							
CURRENT:		4 050 044		20.444		4 004 400	
Warrants payable		1,656,311		38,111		1,694,422	
Accrued payroll Tax refunds payable		885,666 7,200		4,382		890,048	
Accrued interest		201,670		21,467		7,200 223,137	
Other liabilities		349,490		21,407		349,490	
Capital lease obligations		56,370		_		56,370	
Compensated absences		1,019,000		12,000		1,031,000	
Bonds and notes payable	-	7,555,000		421,953		7,976,953	
Total Current Liabilities		11,730,707		497,913	,	12,228,620	
NONCURRENT:							
Capital lease obligations		129,252		-		129,252	
Compensated absences		501,000		-		501,000	
Bonds and notes payable		37,760,000		2,600,875		40,360,875	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	-	38,390,252		2,600,875		40,991,127	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	-	50,120,959		3,098,788		53,219,747	
NET ASSETS							
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		98,291,275		13,471,826		111,763,101	
Permanent funds:						_	
Expendable		205,104		-		205,104	
Nonexpendable		292,110		-		292,110	
Gifts		242,498		-		242,498	
Grants		1,720,728		-		1,720,728	
Unrestricted	-	6,676,163		3,067,928		9,744,091	
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$	107,427,878	\$	16,539,754	\$	123,967,632	

See notes to basic financial statements.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

Functions/Programs Primary Government:	Expenses		Charges for Services	 Operating Grants and Contributions	_	Capital Grants and Contributions	_	Net (Expense) Revenue
Governmental Activities:								
General government\$	6,876,348	\$	3,039,575	\$ 146,620	\$	-	\$	(3,690,153)
Public safety	7,571,002		1,032,522	338,196		-		(6,200,284)
Education	41,522,952		2,281,378	10,365,296		-		(28,876,278)
Public works	6,025,150		317,927	1,419		255,834		(5,449,970)
Human services	844,529		77,114	84,338		-		(683,077)
Culture and recreation	1,880,631		663,958	141,960		-		(1,074,713)
Interest	1,966,558		-	 264,029	_		-	(1,702,529)
Total Governmental Activities	66,687,170		7,412,474	 11,341,858	_	255,834		(47,677,004)
Business-Type Activities:								
Sewer	3,944,791	-	3,788,725	 72,022	_	180,440		96,396
Total Primary Government \$	70,631,961	\$	11,201,199	\$ 11,413,880	\$	436,274	\$	(47,580,608)

See notes to basic financial statements.

(Continued)

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	_	Primary Government						
		Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total		
Changes in net assets:								
Net (expense) revenue from previous page	\$	(47,677,004)	\$	96,396	\$	(47,580,608)		
General revenues:			_		-	_		
Real estate and personal property taxes,								
net of tax refunds payable		43,748,150		-		43,748,150		
Motor vehicle excise taxes		2,138,434		-		2,138,434		
Penalties and interest on taxes		67,239		-		67,239		
Grants and contributions not restricted to								
specific programs		945,762		-		945,762		
Unrestricted investment income		707,268		-		707,268		
Miscellaneous	_	69,531	_			69,531		
Total general revenues and transfers	_	47,676,384	-			47,676,384		
Change in net assets		(620)		96,396		95,776		
Net Assets:								
Beginning of year, as restated for infrastructure	_	107,428,498	-	16,443,358		123,871,856		
End of year	\$_	107,427,878	\$_	16,539,754	\$	123,967,632		

(Concluded)

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

BALANCE SHEET

JUNE 30, 2007

ASSETS	General		Stabilization	 New High School	 Nonmajor Governmental Funds	-	Total Governmental Funds
Cash and cash equivalents\$ Receivables, net of uncollectibles:	5,420,916	\$	968,827	\$ 469,311	\$ 7,724,952	\$	14,584,006
Real estate and personal property taxes	441,834		-	-	-		441,834
Tax liens	128,741		-	-	-		128,741
Motor vehicle excise taxes	133,333		-	-	-		133,333
Departmental and other	9,135		-	-	71,747		80,882
Special assessments	324		-	-	-		324
Intergovernmental	24,009,000		-	 -	 1,090,939	-	25,099,939
TOTAL ASSETS\$	30,143,283	\$	968,827	\$ 469,311	\$ 8,887,638	\$	40,469,059
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
LIABILITIES:							
Warrants payable\$	1,096,115	\$	-	\$ 3,286	\$ 556,910	\$	1,656,311
Accrued payroll	885,666		-	_	-		885,666
Tax refunds payable	7,200		-	_	-		7,200
Other liabilities	349,490		-	_	-		349,490
Deferred revenues	24,625,365		_	_	1,162,686		25,788,051
Notes payable	_ ,,==,,===		_	1,950,000	1,440,000		3,390,000
		•		 1,000,000	 .,,	-	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	26,963,836		-	 1,953,286	 3,159,596	-	32,076,718
FUND BALANCES: Reserved for:							
Encumbrances and continuing appropriations	795,859		-	_	-		795,859
Perpetual permanent funds	-		-	-	292,110		292,110
Unreserved:							
Designated for subsequent year's expenditures	1,106,648		-	-	-		1,106,648
Undesignated, reported in:							
General fund	1,276,940		-	-	-		1,276,940
Special revenue funds	-		968,827	-	4,433,734		5,402,561
Capital projects funds	-		-	(1,483,975)	797,094		(686,881)
Permanent funds	-		-	 -	 205,104	-	205,104
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	3,179,447		968,827	 (1,483,975)	 5,728,042	_	8,392,341
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES\$	30,143,283	\$	968,827	\$ 469,311	\$ 8,887,638	\$	40,469,059

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TOTAL FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

JUNE 30, 2007

Total governmental fund balances		\$	8,392,341
Capital assets (net) used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds			117,079,778
Accounts receivable are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds			25,788,051
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding long-term debt, whereas in governmental funds interest is not reported until due			(201,670)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds			
Bonds and notes payable	(41,925,000) (185,622) (1,520,000)		
Net effect of reporting long-term liabilities		_	(43,630,622)
Net assets of governmental activities		\$_	107,427,878

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	General		Stabilization		New High School		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES:	General	•	Stabilization		301001		1 unus		i unus
Real estate and personal property taxes,									
net of tax refunds\$	43,390,323	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	43,390,323
Motor vehicle excise taxes	2,135,754		_		_		-		2,135,754
Charges for services	· · ·		_		_		4,126,579		4,126,579
Penalties and interest on taxes	67,239		_		_		-		67,239
Fees and rentals	310,687		_		_		-		310,687
Licenses and permits	438,345		_		_		-		438,345
Fines and forfeitures	20,030		_		_		-		20,030
Intergovernmental	11,564,211		_		_		2,640,617		14,204,828
Departmental and other	609,175		_		_		2,594,215		3,203,390
Special assessments	219		_		-		_,=====================================		219
Contributions			_		-		209,027		209,027
Investment income	707,268		39,743		_		128,764		875,775
	707,200		00,7 10	•		•	120,701	•	070,770
TOTAL REVENUES	59,243,251		39,743		-		9,699,202		68,982,196
EXPENDITURES:									
Current:									
General government	2.201.667		_				3,393,459		5,595,126
Public safety	5,422,500		_		_		140,656		5.563.156
Education	27,559,834		_		967,655		5,484,678		34,012,167
Public works	4,068,829				307,033		235,407		4,304,236
Human services.	566,943		_				104,769		671,712
Culture and recreation	1,153,346		_		_		443,967		1,597,313
Pension benefits	6,521,911		_		-		443,907		6,521,911
Property and liability insurance	335,255				_				335,255
Employee benefits	4,349,031								4,349,031
State and county charges	508,634		_		_		_		508,634
Capital outlay	1,448,482		_		_		2,850		1,451,332
Debt service:	1,440,402		-		-		2,630		1,451,552
	4 165 000								4 165 000
Principal	4,165,000		-		-		-		4,165,000
Interest	1,988,350				<u> </u>				1,988,350
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	60,289,782				967,655		9,805,786		71,063,223
EVOEGO (DEFICIENCY) OF DEVENIUE									
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES	(4.040.504)		00.740		(007.055)		(400 504)		(0.004.007)
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(1,046,531)		39,743		(967,655)		(106,584)		(2,081,027)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):									
Capital lease financing	185,622		_		_		_		185.622
Transfers in	408,671		25,000		_		_		433,671
Transfers out	(25,000)		25,000		_		(408,671)		(433,671)
	(23,000)						(400,071)		(400,071)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES).	569,293		25,000		<u>-</u>		(408,671)		185,622
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(477,238)		64,743		(967,655)		(515,255)		(1,895,405)
FUND BALANCES AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	3,656,685		904,084		(516,320)		6,243,297		10,287,746
FUND BALANCES AT END OF YEAR\$	3,179,447	\$	968,827	\$	(1,483,975)	\$	5,728,042	\$	8,392,341

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ (1,895,405)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
Capital outlay Depreciation expense	4,163,245 (4,152,652)	
Net effect of reporting capital assets		10,593
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are fully deferred in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances. Therefore, the recognition of revenue for various types of accounts receivable (i.e., real estate and personal property, motor vehicle excise, etc.) differ between the two statements. This amount represents the net change in deferred revenue.		(2,295,646)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds and leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities.		
Capital lease payments Capital lease financing. Debt service principal payments	245,668 (185,622) 4,165,000	
Net effect of reporting long-term debt		4,225,046
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.		
Net change in compensated absences accrual	(67,000)	
Net change in accrued interest on long-term debt	21,792	
Net effect of recording long-term liabilities		 (45,208)
Change in net assets of governmental activities		\$ (620)

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

JUNE 30, 2007

400570		Business-type Sewer Enterprise
ASSETS CURRENT:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	692,370
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles:	*	002,070
User fees		1,925,325
Intergovernmental		40,042
		_
Total current assets	·	2,657,737
NONCURRENT:		
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles:		
Intergovernmental		486,151
Capital assets, not being depreciated		350,850
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		16,143,804
Total noncurrent assets		16,980,805
TOTAL ASSETS		19,638,542
LIABILITIES		
CURRENT:		
Warrants payable		38,111
Accrued payroll		4,382
Accrued interest		21,467
Compensated absences		12,000
Bonds and notes payable		421,953
Total current liabilities		497,913
NONCURRENT:		
Bonds and notes payable		2,600,875
Solido dila notoo payasio	٠	2,000,070
Total noncurrent liabilities		2,600,875
TOTAL LIABILITIES		3,098,788
NET ASSETS		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		13,120,976
Unrestricted.		3,418,778
OTHOGRICIO.	•	5,710,776
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$	16,539,754

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

		Business-type Sewer
	_	Enterprise
OPERATING REVENUES:		
Charges for services	\$	3,788,725
Sewer betterments	_	180,440
		_
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	_	3,969,165
OPERATING EXPENSES:		
Cost of services and administration		1,153,574
MWRA Assessment		1,973,685
Depreciation		671,976
A. Carama	_	
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	_	3,799,235
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		169,930
OF ENATING INCOME (E000)	-	109,930
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):		
Interest expense		(145,556)
Intergovernmental		72,022
J	_	,-
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES), NET	_	(73,534)
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS		96,396
NET ASSETS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		16,443,358
THE PRODUCTION OF TENENTHALIAN	-	10, 110,000
NET ASSETS AT END OF YEAR	\$_	16,539,754

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	_	Business-type Sewer Enterprise
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Receipts from customers and users Payments to vendors Payments to employees	\$	4,010,490 (2,803,993) (293,281)
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	_	913,216
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Acquisition and construction of capital assets. Principal payments on bonds and notes. Interest expense.	_	(434,770) (382,863) (77,984)
NET CASH FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	_	(895,617)
NET CHANGE IN CASH EQUIVALENTS		17,599
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	_	674,771
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	\$ _	692,370
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Operating income (loss)	\$_	169,930
cash from operating activities: Depreciation		671,976
User fees	_	41,325 29,603 4,382 (4,000)
Total adjustments	_	743,286
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	913,216
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Intergovernmental Debt Service Subsidy	\$	106,829

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS

JUNE 30, 2007

		Private Purpose Trust Funds		Agency Fund
ASSETS	_		_	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	339,016	\$	324,125
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles: Departmental and other	•			72,120
TOTAL ASSETS		339,016		396,245
LIABILITIES				
Warrants payable		-		1,798
Liabilities due depositors				394,447
TOTAL LIABILITIES	-			396,245
NET ASSETS	\$	339,016	\$	

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	Private Purpose Trust Funds
ADDITIONS:	
Contributions:	
Private donations	\$ 62,025
Net investment income:	
Interest	14,842
TOTAL ADDITIONS	76,867
DEDUCTIONS:	
Educational scholarships	92,100
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	(15,233)
	(10,200)
NET ASSETS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	354,249
1121 / 1002 / 0 / 12 / 11 / 11 / 11 / 11	
NET ASSETS AT END OF YEAR	\$ 339,016
	·

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying basic financial statements of the Town of Westwood, Massachusetts (the Town) have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the recognized standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The significant Town accounting policies are described herein.

A. Reporting Entity

An elected three-member Board of Selectmen governs the Town.

For financial reporting purposes, the Town has included all funds, organizations, agencies, boards, commissions and institutions. The Town has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable as well as other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the Town are such that exclusion would cause the Town's basic financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. As required by GAAP, these basic financial statements present the Town (the Primary Government) and its component units. The Town did not identify any component units requiring inclusion in the basic financial statements.

Joint Ventures

The Town has entered into a joint venture with the Towns of Avon, Canton, Dedham, Braintree, Holbrook, Milton, Norwood, and Randolph to pool resources and share the costs, risks and rewards of providing vocational education through the Blue Hills Regional Technical School District (District). As of June 30, 2007, the District has no significant unreserved fund balance and has approximately \$850 thousand in outstanding long-term bonds related to capital improvements. The following is the address where the District's financial statements are available, its purpose, and the assessment paid by the Town during fiscal year 2007.

Joint venture and address	Purpose	As	2007 sessment
Blue Hills Regional Technical School District	To provide vocational education	\$	136,932
800 Randolph Street, Canton, MA 02021			

The Town has no equity interest in the District.

Jointly Governed Organizations

The Board of Selectmen is responsible for appointing three of the six-member Board of Water Commissioners of the Dedham-Westwood Water District. The Town's accountability for this organization does not extend beyond making these appointments.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units.

Governmental activities, which are primarily supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which are supported primarily by user fees and charges.

Fund Financial Statements

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and displayed in a single column.

Major Fund Criteria

Major funds must be reported if the following criteria are met:

- If the total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of an individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding element (assets, liabilities, etc.) for all fund of that category or type (total governmental or total enterprise funds), and
- If the total assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding element for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

Additionally, any other governmental or enterprise fund that management believes is particularly significant to the basic financial statements may be reported as a major fund.

Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when the liabilities are incurred. Real estate and personal property taxes are recognized as revenues in the fiscal year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a particular function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include the following:

- Charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment.
- Grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational requirements of a particular function or segment.
- Grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the capital requirements of a particular function or segment.

Taxes and other items not identifiable as program revenues are reported as general revenues.

For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from the government-wide financial statements. However, the effect of interfund services provided and used between functions is not eliminated as the elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the functions affected.

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., measurable and available). Measurable means the amount of the transaction can be determined and available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured interest on general long-term debt which is recognized when due, and certain compensated absences, claims and judgments which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with current expendable available resources.

Real estate and personal property tax revenues are considered available if they are collected within 60 days after fiscal year-end. Investment income is susceptible to accrual. Other receipts and tax revenues become measurable and available when the cash is received and are recognized as revenue at that time.

Entitlements and shared revenues are recorded at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria is met. Expenditure driven grants recognize revenue when the qualifying expenditures are incurred and all other grant requirements are met.

The following major governmental funds are reported:

The *general fund* is the primary operating fund. It is used to account for all financial resources, except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund.

The stabilization fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources to provide general and/or capital reserves.

The *new high school fund* is used to account for financial resources to expand and upgrade the high school facilities.

The nonmajor governmental funds consist of other special revenue, capital projects and permanent funds that are aggregated and presented in the *nonmajor governmental funds* column on the governmental funds financial statements. The following describes the general use of these fund types:

The special revenue fund is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than permanent funds or capital projects funds) that are restricted by law or administrative action to expenditures for specified purposes.

The capital projects fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by Enterprise Funds).

The *permanent fund* is used to account for financial resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, not principal, may be used for purposes that support the governmental programs.

Proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and use the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when the liabilities are incurred.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the proprietary funds principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

The following major proprietary fund is reported:

The sewer enterprise fund is used to account for the sewer activities.

Fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and use the accrual basis of accounting except for the agency fund, which have no measurement focus. Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held in a trustee capacity for others that cannot be used to support the governmental programs.

The following fiduciary fund types are reported:

The *private-purpose trust fund* is used to account for trust arrangements that exclusively benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments. Some of these trusts have donor restrictions and trustee policies that do not allow the endowment portion and any unrealized appreciation to be spent. The donor restrictions and trustee policies only allows the trustees to authorize spending of the realized investment earnings. The Town's educational scholarship trusts are accounted for in this fund.

The agency fund is used to account for assets held in a purely custodial capacity. The Town's agency fund consists primarily of public safety and custodial details worked by Town employees.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

For the enterprise funds, all applicable Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements issued on or prior to November 30, 1989, are applied, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

D. Cash and Investments

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The Town's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments are carried at fair value. The fair values were determined by the closing price for those securities traded on national stock exchanges and at the average bid-and-asked quotation for those securities traded in the over-the-counter market.

E. Accounts Receivable

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The recognition of revenue related to accounts receivable reported in the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary funds and fiduciary funds financial statements are reported under the accrual basis of accounting. The recognition of revenue related to accounts receivable reported in the governmental funds financial statements are reported under the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Real Estate, Personal Property Taxes and Tax Liens

Real estate and personal property taxes are levied and based on values assessed on January 1st of every year. Assessed values are established by the Board of Assessor's for 100% of the estimated fair market value. Taxes are due on August 1st, November 1st, February 1st and May 1st and are subject to penalties and interest if they are not paid by the respective due date. Real estate tax liens are processed annually on delinquent properties. Real estate and personal property taxes levied are recorded as receivables in the fiscal year of the levy and are recorded under the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Real estate tax liens are processed six months after the close of the valuation year on delinquent properties and are recorded as receivables in the fiscal year they are processed.

Real estate receivables are secured via the tax lien process and are considered 100% collectible. Accordingly, an allowance for uncollectibles is not reported.

Personal property taxes cannot be secured through the lien process. The allowance of uncollectibles is estimated based on historical trends and specific account analysis.

Motor Vehicle Excise Taxes

Motor vehicle excise taxes are assessed annually for each vehicle registered and are recorded as receivables in the fiscal year of the levy. The Commonwealth is responsible for reporting the number of vehicles registered and the fair values of those vehicles. The tax calculation is the fair value of the vehicle multiplied by \$25 per \$1,000 of value.

The allowance for uncollectibles is estimated based on historical trends and specific account analysis.

User Charges

Sewer charges are levied quarterly based on individual meter readings and are subject to penalties and interest if they are not paid by the respective due date. Sewer liens are processed in October of every year and included as a lien on the property owner's tax bill. Sewer charges are recorded as receivables in the fiscal year of the levy and are recorded under the full accrual basis of accounting.

Departmental and Other

Departmental and other receivables consist primarily of police details, ambulance fees and school rentals and are recorded as receivables in the fiscal year accrued. The allowance of uncollectibles is estimated based on historical trends and specific account analysis.

Special Assessments

Special assessments consist of street, construction and particular apportioned betterments. These receivables are considered 100% collectible and therefore do not report an allowance for uncollectibles.

Intergovernmental

Various federal and state grants for operating and capital purposes are applied for and received annually. For non-expenditure driven grants, receivables are recorded as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. For expenditure driven grants, receivables are recorded when the qualifying expenditures are incurred and all other grant requirements are met. These receivables are considered 100% collectible and therefore do not report an allowance for uncollectibles.

F. Inventories

Inventories are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase. Such inventories are not material in total to the basic financial statements and therefore are not reported.

G. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings and improvements, vehicles, machinery and equipment, furniture and fixtures, and infrastructure (e.g., roads, street lights, sewer mains, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activity column of the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or at estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are recorded at the estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Except for the capital assets of the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements, construction period interest is capitalized on constructed capital assets.

All purchases and construction costs in excess of \$10,000 are capitalized at the date of acquisition or construction, respectively, with expected useful lives of greater than one year.

The Town has included all general infrastructure assets regardless of their acquisition date or amount. The town was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of these assets through backtracking.

Capital assets (excluding land and construction in progress) are depreciated on a straight-line basis. The estimated useful lives of fixed assets are as follows:

	Estimated
	Useful
	Life
Capital Asset Type	(in years)
<u> </u>	
Buildings and improvements	7-40
Vehicles	5-10
Machinery and equipment	5-50
Furniture and fixtures	5-20
Infrastructure	5-50

H. Interfund Transfers

During the course of its operations, transactions occur between and within individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

Transfers between and within governmental funds and are eliminated from the governmental activities in the statement of net assets. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the statement of activities as "Transfers, net".

Fund Financial Statements

Transfers between and within funds are *not* eliminated from the individual fund statements and are reported as transfers in and transfers out.

I. Net Assets and Fund Equity

Government-Wide Financial Statements (Net Assets)

Net assets are reported as restricted when amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for a specific future use.

Net assets have been "restricted for" the following:

"Permanent funds – expendable" represents the amount of realized and unrealized investment earnings of donor restricted trusts. The donor restrictions and trustee policies only allows the trustees to approve spending of the realized investment earnings that support governmental programs.

"Permanent funds – nonexpendable" represents the endowment portion of donor restricted trusts that support governmental programs.

"Gifts and Grants" – represents restrictions placed on assets from outside parties.

Fund Financial Statements (Fund Balances)

Fund balances are reserved for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for a specific future use. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

Fund balances have been "reserved for" the following:

"Encumbrances and continuing appropriations" represents amounts obligated under purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for expenditures that are being carried over to the ensuing fiscal year.

"Perpetual permanent funds" represents the permanently restricted portion of amounts held in trust which stipulate that only earnings may be used for purposes that support governmental programs.

Fund balances have been "designated for" the following:

"Subsequent year's expenditures" represents amounts appropriated for the fiscal year 2008 operating budget.

J. Long-term debt

Government-Wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

Long-term debt is reported as liabilities in the government-wide and proprietary fund statement of net assets. Material bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

The face amount of governmental funds long-term debt is reported as other financing sources. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are recognized in the current period. Bond premiums are reported as other financing sources and bond discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual bond proceeds received, are reported as general government expenditures.

K. Investment Income

Excluding the permanent funds, investment income derived from major and nonmajor governmental funds is legally assigned to the general fund unless otherwise directed by Massachusetts General Law (MGL).

Investment income from proprietary funds is voluntarily assigned and transferred to the general fund.

L. Compensated Absences

Employees are granted vacation and sick leave in varying amounts based on collective bargaining agreements, state laws and executive policies.

Government-Wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

Vested or accumulated vacation and sick leave are reported as liabilities and expensed as incurred.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Vested or accumulated vacation and sick leave, which will be liquidated with expendable available financial resources, are reported as expenditures and fund liabilities.

M. Post Retirement Benefits

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

In addition to providing pension benefits, health insurance coverage is provided for retired employees and their survivors in accordance with MGL, Chapter 32, on a pay-as-you-go basis. The cost of providing health insurance is recognized by recording the employer's 50-60% share of insurance premiums in the general fund in the fiscal year paid. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, this expenditure totaled \$1,042,056. There were 286 participants eligible to receive benefits at June 30, 2007.

N. Use of Estimates

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The preparation of basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure for contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the basic financial statements and the reported amounts of the revenues and expenditures/expenses during the fiscal year. Actual results could vary from estimates that were used.

O. Total Column

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The total column presented on the government-wide financial statements represents consolidated financial information.

Fund Financial Statements

The total column on the fund financial statements is presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in this column is not the equivalent of consolidated financial information.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

A cash and investment pool is maintained that is available for use by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the balance sheet as "Cash and Cash Equivalents". The deposits and investments of the trust funds are held separately from those of other Town funds.

The Town follows internal investment policies as well as investment policies established under Massachusetts General Laws. The Commonwealth's statutes authorize the investment in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies, and instrumentalities, certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, money market accounts, bank deposits and the State Treasurer's Investment Pool (the Pool). Additionally, they allow the Town to invest trust funds in trust companies incorporated under the laws of the Commonwealth, banking companies incorporated under the laws of the Commonwealth which are members of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), national banks, in participation units in combined investment funds, in paid-up shares and accounts of and in cooperative banks, in shares of savings and loan associations, in shares or savings deposits of federal savings and loan associations doing business in the Commonwealth to an amount not exceeding one hundred thousand dollars, and in bonds or notes which are legal investments for savings banks. Municipalities having trust funds in the custody of the treasurer in an aggregate amount in excess of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars may also invest trust funds in securities, other than mortgages and collateral loans, which are legal for the investment of funds of savings banks under the laws of the Commonwealth provided that not more than fifteen percent of any such trust funds shall be invested in bank stocks and insurance company stocks, nor shall more than one and one-half percent of such funds be invested in the stock of any one bank or insurance company.

The Pool meets the criteria of an external investment pool. The Pool is administered by the Massachusetts Municipal Depository Trust (MMDT), which was established by the Treasurer of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts who serves as Trustee. The fair value of the position in the Pool is the same as the value of the Pool shares.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Town's deposits may not be returned to it. The Town's deposit and investment policy allows for unlimited investments in MMDT, U.S. Treasuries and Agencies that will be held to maturity with maturities up to one year from the date of purchase, and bank accounts and Certificates of Deposit with maturities up to one year which are fully collateralized or fully insured by FDIC or the Depository Insurance Fund. Additionally, the Town's policy allows for investments in unsecured bank deposits such as checking, savings, money market or Certificates of Deposit with maturities up to three months. Unsecured deposits are limited to no more than 5% of an institution's assets and no more than 20% of the Town's total cash. At fiscal year-end, the carrying amount of deposits totaled \$6,791,831 and the bank balance totaled \$7,532,252. Of the bank balance, \$728,266 was covered by Federal Depository Insurance, \$372,430 was covered by the Depositors Insurance Fund, \$5,481,610 was collateralized and \$949,946 was subject to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Investments

As of June 30, 2007, the Town had the following investments:

Equity Mutual Funds	\$	12,576
Money Market Mutual Funds		108,518
MMDT	_	9,026,592
Total Investments	\$	9,147,686

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments

For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of a failure by the counterparty, the Town will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral security that are in the possession of the outside party. At June 30, 2007, the Town does not have any custodial credit risk exposure for its investments since open-end mutual funds and MMDT deposits are not subject to custodial credit risk. In addition to the deposit and investment restrictions listed above, the Town's investment policies allow for trust funds to be invested in any instruments allowed by the Legal List issued by the Banking Commissioner each July. Stabilization funds may be invested in National Banks, Savings Banks, Cooperative banks or trust companies organized under Massachusetts laws, Securities legal for savings banks (i.e. those included in the Legal List issued annually by the Banking Commissioner), Federal Savings and Loan Associations situated in the Commonwealth and the MMDT.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk exists when there is a possibility that changes in interest rates could adversely affect the fair value of the Town's investments. The Town manages its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates by limiting the allowable maturities of investments. The Town's investment policy limits the maturities of investments in U.S. Treasuries, U.S. Agencies and secured Certificates of Deposit to a maximum of one year from the date of purchase. Negotiable Certificates of Deposit are limited to a maximum of three months. The Town had no debt securities during fiscal year 2007.

Credit Risk

The Town's policy for Credit Risk requires all brokerage houses and broker/dealers wishing to do business with the Town to supply the Treasurer with audited financial statements, proof of National Association of Security Dealers certification, a statement that the dealer has read the Town's investment policy and will comply with it and proof of credit worthiness with minimum standards of at lease five years in operation and a minimum capital of \$10 million. All of the Town's investments are unrated.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Town limits the amount that may be invested in any one issuer, except for MMDT as mentioned earlier, to no more than 5% of an institution's assets and no more than 30% of the Town's total investments. At June 30, 2007, the Town did not have more than 5% of the Town's investments in with any one issuer.

NOTE 3 - RECEIVABLES

At June 30, 2007, receivables for the individual major governmental funds and nonmajor funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	Allowance				
	Gross for			Net	
_	Amount	Uncollectibles		Amount	
Receivables:					
Real estate and personal property taxes\$	441,834	\$ -	\$	441,834	
Tax liens	128,741	-		128,741	
Motor vehicle excise taxes	174,533	(41,200)		133,333	
Departmental and other	147,582	(66,700)		80,882	
Special assessments	324	-		324	
Intergovernmental	25,099,939			25,099,939	
_					
Total\$	25,992,953	\$ (107,900)	\$_	25,885,053	

At June 30, 2007, receivables for the fiduciary funds consist of the following:

		Allowance					
		Gross Amount				Net Amount	
Receivables:					_		
Details	\$_	72,120	\$		\$_	72,120	

At June 30, 2007, receivables for the enterprise fund consist of the following:

		Allowance				
		Gross		for		Net
		Amount		Uncollectibles		Amount
Receivables:					-	_
Sewer fees	\$	1,925,325	\$	-	\$	1,925,325
Intergovernmental	_	526,193				526,193
Total	\$_	2,451,518	\$	-	\$	2,451,518

Governmental funds report *deferred revenue* in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of *deferred revenue* reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	General	Nonmajor Governmental		
	Fund	Funds		Total
Receivable type:				
Real estate and personal property taxes\$	344,832	\$ -	\$	344,832
Tax liens	128,741	-		128,741
Motor vehicle excise taxes	133,333	-		133,333
Departmental and other	9,135	71,747		80,882
Special assessments	324	-		324
Intergovernmental	24,009,000	1,090,939	_	25,099,939
Total\$	24,625,365	\$1,162,686	\$	25,788,051

NOTE 4 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

At June 30, 2007, there were no interfund receivables or payables.

Interfund transfers in for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, are summarized as follows:

	Transfers In:					
Transfers Out:	General Fund		Stabilization	-	Total	
General Fund\$	-	\$	25,000	\$	25,000	(A)
Nonmajor Governmental Fund	10,000		-		10,000	(B)
Nonmajor Governmental Fund	344,850		-		344,850	(C)
Nonmajor Governmental Fund	17,000		-		17,000	(D)
Nonmajor Governmental Fund	36,821		-	-	36,821	(E)
Total\$	408,671	\$	25,000	\$	433,671	

- (A) General Fund funding of the Stabilization Fund
- (B) Transfer of Cemetery Permanent Fund amount to support cemetery expenditures
- (C) Transfer of Special Revenue Ambulance Receipts to fund ambulance expenditures
- (D) Transfer from Special Revenue Conservation Fund to fund conservation expenditures
- (E) Transfer from Special Revenue Bond Premiums for debt service expenditures

NOTE 5 - PENSION PLAN

Plan Description - The Town contributes to the Norfolk Retirement System (the System), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Norfolk County Retirement Board. Substantially all employees of the Town are members of the System, except for public school teachers and certain administrators who are members of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts' Teachers Retirement System, to which the Town does not contribute. Pension benefits and administrative expenses paid by the Teachers Retirement Board are the legal responsibility of the Commonwealth. The amount of these on-behalf payments totaled approximately \$4,659,000 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, and, accordingly, are reported in the General Fund as Intergovernmental Revenues and Pension Expenditures.

The System provides retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Chapter 32 of the MGL assigns authority to establish and amend benefit provisions of the plan. Cost-of-living adjustments granted between 1981 and 1997 and any increase in other benefits imposed by the Commonwealth's state law during those years are borne by the Commonwealth and are deposited into the pension fund. Cost-of-living adjustments granted after 1997 must be approved by the Norfolk County Contributory Retirement Board and are borne by the System. The System issues a publicly available financial report in accordance with guidelines established by the Commonwealth's Public Employee Retirement Administration Commission. That report may be obtained by contacting the System located at 480 Neponset Street, Building 15, Canton, MA, 02021.

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute to the System at rates ranging from 5% to 11% of annual covered compensation. The Town is required to pay into the System its share of the system-wide actuarial determined contribution that is apportioned among the employers based on active current payroll. The contributions of plan members and the Town are governed by Chapter 32 of the MGL.

Annual Pension Cost - The Town's contributions to the System for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2007, 2006 and 2005 were \$1,810,830, \$1,590,774 and \$1,349,590 respectively, which equaled its required contribution for each fiscal year.

Noncontributory Retirement Allowance - The Town pays the entire retirement allowance for certain retirees who are eligible for noncontributory benefits and are not members of the System. The general fund expenditure for fiscal year 2007 totaled approximately \$51,600.

NOTE 6 – CAPITAL ASSETS

The Town retroactively reported general infrastructure assets acquired prior to the initial year of implementation of GASB Statement #34. Accordingly, the value of capital assets and net assets of governmental activities, as of June 30, 2006, were restated by increasing the amounts previously reported by \$41,143,439.

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance		Increases		Decreases		Ending Balance
Sovernmental Activities:			_		_		
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Land\$	5,858,382	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,858,382
Construction in progress	43,972,297		1,031,576	_	-	_	45,003,873
Total capital assets not being depreciated	49,830,679	·	1,031,576	_		_	50,862,255
Capital assets being depreciated:							
Buildings and improvements	38,040,924		1,291,002		-		39,331,926
Vehicles	5,308,814		303,485		(91,480)		5,520,819
Machinery and equipment	5,261,453		484,048		-		5,745,501
Furniture and fixtures	215,173		45,950		-		261,123
Infrastructure	79,989,624		1,007,184	_	-	_	80,996,808
Total capital assets being depreciated	128,815,988	,	3,131,669	_	(91,480)	_	131,856,177
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings and improvements	(16,820,147)		(972,982)		-		(17,793,129)
Vehicles	(3,309,778)		(426,085)		91,480		(3,644,383)
Machinery and equipment	(3,794,449)		(614,108)		-		(4,408,557)
Furniture and fixtures	(143,768)		(22,988)		-		(166,756)
Infrastructure	(37,509,340)		(2,116,489)	_	-	_	(39,625,829)
Total accumulated depreciation	(61,577,482)	·	(4,152,652)	_	91,480	_	(65,638,654)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	67,238,506	•	(1,020,983)	_		_	66,217,523
Total governmental activities capital assets, net\$	117,069,185	\$	10,593	\$	<u>-</u>	\$_	117,079,778

	Beginning Balance	_	Increases	_	Decreases	_	Ending Balance
Business-type Activities:							
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Land\$	350,850	\$_	<u>-</u>	\$.	-	\$_	350,850
Capital assets being depreciated:							
Plant and infrastructure	25,653,132		=		-		25,653,132
Other buildings and improvements	5,564,646		390,415		-		5,955,061
Vehicles	238,630		25,654		(15,930)		248,354
Machinery and equipment	278,975		18,701		-		297,676
Furniture and fixtures	35,323	_		-		-	35,323
Total capital assets being depreciated	31,770,706	_	434,770	-	(15,930)	-	32,189,546
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Plant and infrastructure	(12,776,656)		(522,495)		-		(13,299,151)
Other buildings and improvements	(2,261,546)		(117,300)		-		(2,378,846)
Vehicles	(180,140)		(26,381)		15,930		(190,591)
Machinery and equipment	(136,031)		(5,800)		-		(141,831)
Furniture and fixtures	(35,323)	_	-	-	<u>-</u>	-	(35,323)
Total accumulated depreciation	(15,389,696)	_	(671,976)	-	15,930	_	(16,045,742)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	16,381,010	_	(237,206)			_	16,143,804
Total business-type activities capital assets, net \$	16,731,860	\$ _	(237,206)	\$	_	\$	16,494,654

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governm	nental	Activities:
_		

General government	\$	176,982
Public safety		375,324
Education		1,155,891
Public works		2,398,448
Human services		25,505
Culture and recreation		20,502
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$_	4,152,652
Business-Type Activities:		
Sewer	\$_	671,976

NOTE 7 - CAPITAL LEASES

During fiscal 2007 the Town has entered into a lease agreement for financing the acquisition of four relocatable classroom buildings with a down payment of \$350,000. These lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of their future minimum lease payments as of the inception date.

The assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

		Governmental Activities
Asset:	_	
Buildings and improvements		535,622
Accumulated depreciation		(13,391)
Total	\$	522,231

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2007, were as follows:

Fiscal Years Ending June 30	Governmental Activities
2008	\$ 69,384 69,384 69,384
Total minimum lease payments	208,152
Less: amounts representing interest	(22,530)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$ 185,622

NOTE 8 – SHORT-TERM FINANCING

The Town is authorized to borrow on a temporary basis to fund the following:

- Current operating costs prior to the collection of revenues through issuance of revenue or tax anticipation notes (RANS or TANS).
- Capital project costs and other approved expenditures incurred prior to obtaining permanent financing through issuance of bond anticipation notes (BANS) or grant anticipation notes (GANS).
- Federal and state aided capital projects and other program expenditures prior to receiving reimbursement through issuance of federal and state aid anticipation notes (FANS and SANS).

Short-term loans are general obligations of the Town and carry maturity dates that are limited by statute. Interest expenditures for short-term borrowings are accounted for in the General Fund and Sewer Enterprise Fund.

Details related to the Town's outstanding short-term indebtedness at June 30, 2007, and the debt service requirements follow.

Type	Purpose	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Interest Rate (%)	Outstanding at June 30, 2006	 Issued	_	Retired	 Outstanding at June 30, 2007
BAN	East Street land acquistion	9/15/05	09/14/06	3.39	\$ 275,000	\$ -	\$	275,000	\$ -
BAN	East Street land acquistion	9/14/06	09/13/07	4.00	_	245,000		-	245,000
BAN	High Street construction	2/14/07	02/14/08	3.62	-	1,000,000		-	1,000,000
BAN	Street lights	2/14/07	02/14/08	3.62	-	195,000		-	195,000
BAN	High School construction	2/14/07	02/14/08	3.62	-	1,950,000		-	1,950,000
	Total				\$ 275,000	\$ 3,390,000	\$	275,000	\$ 3,390,000

Subsequent to year end, the East Street land acquisition BAN was reissued with an interest rate of 3.90% and a maturity date of February 14, 2008.

NOTE 9 – LONG-TERM DEBT

State law permits the Town, under the provisions of Chapter 44, Section 10, to authorize indebtedness up to a limit of 5% of its equalized valuation. Debt issued in accordance with this section of the law is designated as being "inside the debt limit." In addition, however, a Town may authorize debt in excess of that limit for specific purposes. Such debt, when issued, is designated as being "outside the debt limit."

Details related to the Town's outstanding general obligation indebtedness at June 30, 2007, and the debt service requirements follow.

Project	Interest Rate (%)		Outstanding at June 30, 2006		Issued	Redeemed		Outstanding at June 30, 2007
Middle school/gym	3.50-4.00	\$	705,000	\$	- \$	235,000	\$	470,000
Middle school/gym	3.50-4.00		165,000		-	55,000		110,000
Land acquisition	3.50-4.00		120,000		-	40,000		80,000
Senior center	3.50-4.00		72,000		-	24,000		48,000
School fields	3.50-4.00		57,000		-	19,000		38,000
Middle school/gym completion	3.50-4.00		45,000		-	15,000		30,000
Middle school/gym completion	3.50-4.00		21,000		-	7,000		14,000
Martha Jones School construction	3.90-5.00		4,320,000		-	720,000		3,600,000
Downey School construction	3.90-5.00		3,780,000		-	630,000		3,150,000
Striar land purchase	3.90-5.00		780,000		-	130,000		650,000
Cemetery land purchase	3.90-5.00		180,000		-	30,000		150,000
School planning	2.50-5.38		33,575,000		-	1,975,000		31,600,000
Public building	3.00-5.00		2,080,000		-	260,000		1,820,000
Public building	3.00-5.00	_	190,000	_		25,000	-	165,000
Total governmental bonds payable		_	46,090,000	_		4,165,000	-	41,925,000
Sewer	3.50-4.00		240,000		-	80,000		160,000
Sewer	3.50-4.00		120,000		-	40,000		80,000
Sewer (WPAT)	3.88		2,180,498		-	147,670		2,032,828
Sewer	3.90-5.00	_	900,000	_		150,000	_	750,000
Total enterprise bonds payable		_	3,440,498	_		417,670	-	3,022,828
Total general obligation bonds and notes payable		\$	49,530,498	\$	- \$	4,582,670	\$	44,947,828

Debt service requirements for principal and interest for bonds payable in the general fund in future fiscal years are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Principal		Interest		Total
2008\$	4,165,000	\$	1,835,447	\$	6,000,447
2009	4,165,000		1,693,057		5,858,057
2010	3,770,000		1,523,055		5,293,055
2011	3,770,000		1,370,367		5,140,367
2012	3,770,000		1,215,793		4,985,793
2013	2,255,000		1,036,731		3,291,731
2014	2,255,000		923,981		3,178,981
2015	1,975,000		811,231		2,786,231
2016	1,975,000		712,481		2,687,481
2017	1,975,000		629,531		2,604,531
2018	1,975,000		523,375		2,498,375
2019	1,975,000		436,475		2,411,475
2020	1,975,000		347,600		2,322,600
2021	1,975,000		258,725		2,233,725
2022	1,975,000		167,875		2,142,875
2023	1,975,000		83,938	_	2,058,938
-		_			
Total\$	41,925,000	\$_	13,569,662	\$	55,494,662

Debt service requirements for principal and interest for bonds and notes payable in the sewer enterprise fund in future fiscal years are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Principal	_	Interest	_	Total
2008\$	421,953	\$	130,043	\$	551,996
2009	425,750		111,708		537,458
2010	309,838		91,336		401,174
2011	314,687		82,051		396,738
2012	319,700		58,112		377,812
2013	90,300		136,660		226,960
2014	176,300		48,124		224,424
2015	181,600		42,279		223,879
2016	187,100		32,554		219,654
2017	192,800		23,516		216,316
2018	198,500		10,451		208,951
2019	204,300		5,108		209,408
_		_		-	
Total\$	3,022,828	\$	771,942	\$	3,794,770

The Town is scheduled to be subsidized by the Massachusetts Water Pollution Abatement Trust (MWPAT) on a periodic basis for principal in the amount of \$526,193 and interest costs for \$449,642. Thus, net MWPAT loan repayments including interest are scheduled to be \$1,724,641. Since the Town is legally obligated for the total amount of the debt, such amounts have been recorded in the accompanying basic financial statements. The fiscal year 2007 principal and interest subsidy totaled approximately \$34,807 and \$72,022, respectively.

The Town has been approved to receive school construction assistance through the Massachusetts School Building Authority (MSBA). The MSBA provides resources for eligible construction costs and debt interest and borrowing costs. During fiscal year 2007, approximately \$3,193,029 of such assistance was received. Approximately \$31,676,000 will be received in future fiscal years. Of this amount, approximately \$7,667,000 represents reimbursement of long-term interest costs, and approximately \$24,009,000 represents reimbursement of approved construction costs. Accordingly, \$24,009,000 intergovernmental receivable and corresponding deferred revenue has been recorded in the fund based financial statements and the change in the receivable has been recognized as revenue in the conversion to the government-wide financial statements.

The Town is subject to various debt limits by statute and may issue additional general obligation debt under the normal debt limit. At June 30, 2007, the Town had the following authorized and unissued debt:

Purpose	Date Voted	Article	 Amount Authorized		Amount Unissued
Land Acquisition	ATM 5/2001	15	\$ 300,000	\$	245,000
High Street Construction	ATM 5/2005	17	1,000,000		1,000,000
High Street Street Lights	ATM 5/2006	10	195,000		195,000
High School Supplement	ATM 5/2006	11	1,950,000		1,950,000
High School Fields	ATM 6/2007	9	475,000		475,000
Total			\$ 3,920,000	\$_	3,865,000

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, the following changes occurred in long-term liabilities:

	Balance at June 30, 2006	Additions		Retirements and Other	Balance at June 30, 2007	Current Portion
Governmental Activities:						
Long-Term Bonds and Notes \$	46,090,000	\$ -	\$	(4,165,000) \$	41,925,000 \$	4,165,000
Capital Lease Obligations	245,668	185,622		(245,668)	185,622	56,370
Compensated Absences	1,453,000	1,037,000		(970,000)	1,520,000	1,019,000
Total Governmental Activities	47,788,668	 1,222,622	- ,	(5,380,668)	43,630,622	5,240,370
Business-Type Activities:						
Long-Term Bonds and Notes	3,440,498	-		(417,670)	3,022,828	421,953
Compensated Absences	16,000	12,000		(16,000)	12,000	12,000
Total Business-Type Activities	3,456,498	 12,000	- '	(433,670)	3,034,828	433,953
Total\$	51,245,166	\$ 1,234,622	\$	(5,814,338) \$	46,665,450 \$	5,674,323

Compensated absence liabilities related to both governmental and business-type activities are normally paid from the general fund and sewer enterprise funds, respectively. Compensated absences are reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured.

NOTE 10 - RISK FINANCING

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the Town carries commercial insurance. The amount of claim settlements has not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the previous three fiscal years.

The Town provides health insurance to its employees through its participation in the West Suburban Health Group (the Group), a non-profit trust comprised of eleven towns, one school district and two educational collaboratives. The Group is self-sustaining through member premiums. The Town recognizes the cost of providing health insurance by recording its 60% share of insurance premiums paid to the Group in the general fund in the fiscal year paid. The purpose of the Group is to pay medical claims of its members' employees and their covered dependents. In the event the group is terminated, the Town is obligated to pay it's prorate share of a deficit, should one exist.

The Town is a member of the Massachusetts Interlocal Insurance Association (MIIA), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for workers' compensation benefits for employees other than uniformed police and fire personnel. MIIA is self-sustaining through member premiums and reinsures through commercial companies for stop loss insurance. The total premiums assessed by MIIA to the Town during fiscal year 2007 totaled \$182,000 and are recorded in the general fund.

The Town is self-insured for the workers' compensation claims of police officers and firefighters and are paid on a pay-as-you-go basis from the General Fund. The estimated liability for workers' compensation claims is based on history and injury type. The Town's liability is not material at June 30, 2007, and therefore is not reported.

The Town is self-insured for unemployment compensation. During fiscal year 2007, the Town appropriated \$87,000 to provide for anticipated costs of unemployment benefits. During fiscal year 2007, claims related to unemployment compensation totaled \$68,000. The liability for unemployment compensation was not material at June 30, 2007, and therefore is not reported.

NOTE 11 – STABILIZATION FUND

The Town has \$968,827 in a stabilization fund classified as a major governmental fund in the fund-based statements. The stabilization fund may be used for general and/or capital purposes upon Town Meeting approval. During fiscal year 2007, the stabilization fund earned investment income of approximately \$40,000.

NOTE 12 - COMMITMENTS

The Town is currently permitting a major new commercial development, known as Westwood Station. This project is a 4.5 million square foot mixed use development including residential, commercial, and retail components. The development will be sited on the Town's former industrial park known as University Ave Park. This new development, which has received state and local approval, has the potential to significantly enhance the Town's tax base.

NOTE 13 – CONTINGENCIES

The Town participates in a number of federal award programs. Although the Town grant programs have been audited in accordance with the provisions of the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 through June 30, 2007, these programs are still subject to financial and compliance audits. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the Town expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Various legal actions and claims are pending against the Town. Litigation is subject to many uncertainties, and the outcome of individual litigated matters is not always predictable. Although the amount of liability, if any, at June 30, 2007, cannot be ascertained, management believes any resulting liability should not materially affect the financial position of the Town at June 30, 2007.

NOTE 14 – IMPLEMENTATION OF NEW GASB PRONOUNCEMENTS

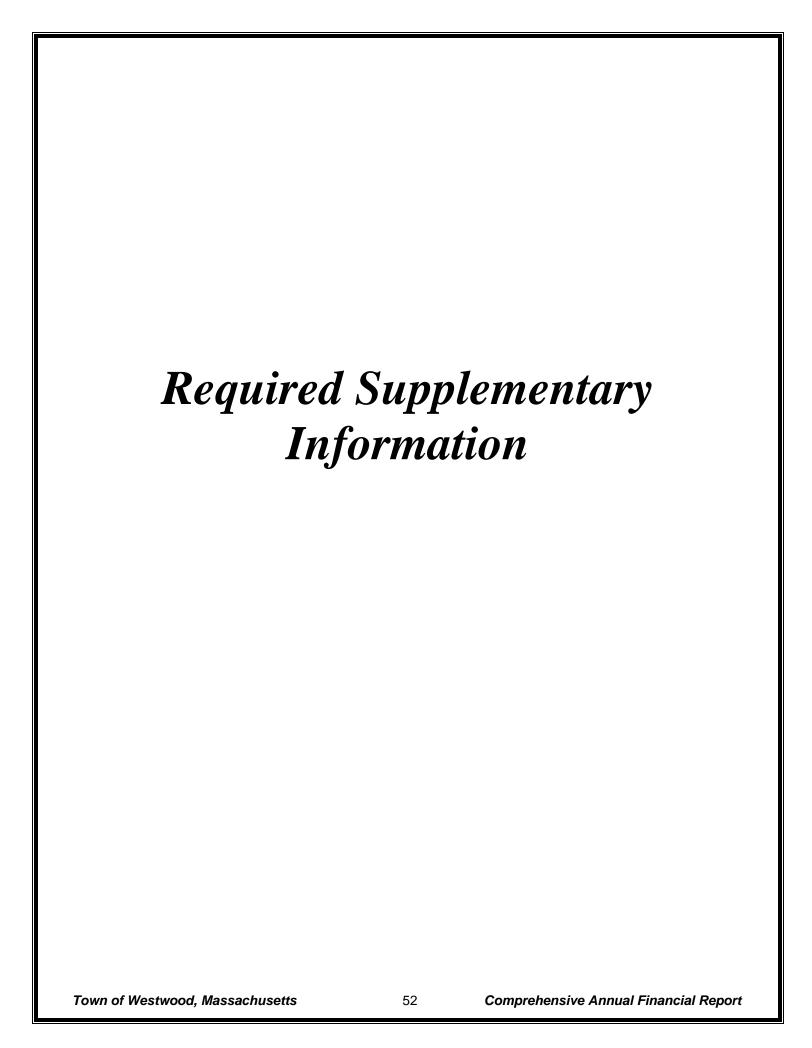
During fiscal year 2007, the following GASB pronouncements were implemented:

- The GASB issued <u>Statement #48</u>, Sales and Pledges of Receivables and Future Revenues and Intra-Entity Transfers of Assets and Future Revenues which is required to be implemented in FY2008.
 Management has elected to implement this GASB early. The basic financial statements were not impacted by this GASB.
- The GASB issued <u>Statement #49</u>, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pollution Remediation Obligations, which is required to be implemented in fiscal year 2008. Management has elected to implement this GASB early. The basic financial statements were not impacted by the GASB.
- The GASB issued <u>Statement #51</u>, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Intangible Assets, which is required to be implemented in fiscal year 2010. Management has elected to implement this GASB early. The basic financial statements were not impacted by this GASB.

Future Implementation of GASB Pronouncements

- The GASB issued <u>Statement #43</u>, *Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans*. The standards in this statement do no apply to the Town, however, a related statement (Statement #45), addresses new standards for the Town related to Other Postemployment Benefits.
- The GASB issued <u>Statement #45</u>, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, which is required to be implemented in fiscal year 2009. Management anticipates that this statement will materially impact the Town's financial statements.
- The GASB issued <u>Statement #50</u>, <u>Pension Disclosures—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 25 and No. 27</u>, which is required to be implemented in fiscal year 2008. This GASB will change the disclosures related to pensions.

• The GASB issued <u>Statement #52</u>, Land and Other Real Estate Held as Investments by Endowments, which is required to be implemented in fiscal year 2009. The standards in this statement require all investments in land and real estate in permanent and similar funds to be reported at fair value. Management does not expect this pronouncement to impact the basic financial statements.



General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. It is used to account for all the financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

GENERAL FUNDSCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	_	Budgeted Amounts								
		Original Budget	_	Final Budget	_	Actual Budgetary Amounts		Amounts Carried Forward To Next Year	_	Variance To Final Budget
REVENUES:										
Real estate and personal property taxes,										
net of tax refunds	\$	43,431,916	\$	43,431,916	\$	43,495,523	\$	- :	\$	63,607
Motor vehicle excise taxes		2,250,000		2,250,000		2,135,754		-		(114,246)
Penalties and interest on taxes		50,000		50,000		67,239		-		17,239
Fees		212,041		212,041		310,687		-		98,646
Licenses and permits		338,000		338,000		438,345		-		100,345
Fines and forfeitures		15,000		15,000		20,030		-		5,030
Intergovernmental		6,881,034		6,881,034		6,904,725		-		23,691
Departmental and other		517,142		517,142		609,175		-		92,033
Special assessments		200		200		219		-		19
Investment income	_	280,100	_	280,100	_	707,268		<u>-</u>	_	427,168
TOTAL REVENUES	_	53,975,433	_	53,975,433	_	54,688,965		<u>-</u>		713,532
EXPENDITURES:										
SELECTMEN										
Salaries		348,672		348,672		348,622		-		50
Expenditures		51,700		56,715		53,636		-		3,079
TOTAL	_	400,372	_	405,387	_	402,258	•	-	_	3,129
FINANCE COMMISSION										
Salaries		30,791		31,791		31,768		_		23
Expenditures		20,614		27,579		26,980		220		379
TOTAL	_	51,405	_	59,370	_	58,748	•	220		402
ACCOUNTING										
Salaries		143,782		143,782		143,687		-		95
Expenditures		5,700		5,700		3,272		-		2,428
TOTAL	_	149,482	_	149,482	_	146,959		-		2,523
AUDIT-SCHOOL & MUNICIPAL FINANCIALS										
Professional Services.	_	46,000	_	46,000	_	45,990			_	10
ASSESSORS										
Salaries		150,899		150,899		150,863		-		36
Expenditures		23,504		23,504		23,319		-		185
TOTAL	_	174,403	_	174,403	_	174,182		-		221
TREASURER										
Salaries		68,950		68,950		68,731		-		219
Expenditures		15,130		15,130		5,579		-		9,551
TOTAL	_	84,080	-	84,080	_	74,310		-	_	9,770
COLLECTOR										
Salaries		90,947		90,947		90,145		-		802
Expenditures		62,150		62,150		61,986		-		164
TOTAL	_	153,097	_	153,097	_	152,131		-	_	966
LEGAL										
Salaries		81,607		81,607		81,528		-		79
Expenditures		56,500								17
Experialities		30,300		56,500		56,483		-		17

(Continued)

GENERAL FUNDSCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	Budgeted A	mounts			
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Budgetary Amounts	Amounts Carried Forward To Next Year	Variance To Final Budget
PERSONNEL BOARD					
Salaries	85,316	85,316	82,633	-	2,683
Expenditures	4,175	4,175	3,398	<u> </u>	777
TOTAL	89,491	89,491	86,031	-	3,460
INFORMATION SYSTEMS					
Salaries	190,395	190,395	190,033	-	362
Expenditures	202,510	202,510	199,958	<u>=</u> _	2,552
TOTAL	392,905	392,905	389,991	-	2,914
TOWN CLERK					
Salaries	133,666	138,166	138,103	-	63
Expenditures	54,172	56,394	55,380	-	1,014
TOTAL	187,838	194,560	193,483		1,077
CONSERVATION COMMISSION					
Salaries	38,941	38,941	35,546	_	3,395
Expenditures	2,819	2,819	2,464	-	355
TOTAL	41,760	41,760	38,010	-	3,750
PLANNING BOARD					
Salaries	72,859	72,859	72,698	_	16
Expenditures	3,230	3,230	2,583	_	64
TOTAL	76,089	76,089	75,281	-	808
ZONING BOARD OF APPEALS					
Salaries	20,818	20,818	20,784	_	34
Expenditures	3,361	3,361	1,060	191	2,110
TOTAL	24,179	24,179	21,844	191	2,14
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT TASK FORCE					
Salaries	51,666	51,666	51,662	_	2
Expenditures	5,300	7,841	4,645	_	3,196
TOTAL	56,966	59,507	56,307	-	3,200
OUTSIDE PROFESSIONAL SERVICES					
Expenditures	35,000	35,000	31,196	2,750	1,054
MASS HOUSING PARTNERSHIP					
Expenditures	1,800	1,800	1,800	-	
HOUSING AUTHORITY	4 000	4.000	4.000		
Expenditures	1,000	1,000	1,000		
OFFICE COMMUNICATIONS					
Expenditures	118,650	118,650	111,204	1,576	5,870
TRAINING					
Expenditures	4,000	4,000	2,931	<u> </u>	1,069
Reserve Fund	625,000	205,535	-	-	205,535
al Canada Caramana	0.054.004		0.004.007	4 707	
al General Government	2,851,624	2,454,402	2,201,667	4,737	247,998

(Continued)

GENERAL FUNDSCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	Budgeted A	mounts			
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Budgetary Amounts	Amounts Carried Forward To Next Year	Variance To Final Budget
PUBLIC SAFETY					
POLICE DEPARTMENT					
Salaries	2,356,212	2,401,912	2,393,372	6,661	1,879
Expenditures	166,150	166,150	165,510	<u>-</u> _	640
TOTAL	2,522,362	2,568,062	2,558,882	6,661	2,519
CAREER INCENTIVE PROGRAM	139,759	139,759	139,759		
Salaries	30,430	30,430	30,430	-	-
Expenditures	6,650	6,650	5,117	1,493	40
TOTAL	37,080	37,080	35,547	1,493	40
CROSSING GUARDS					
Salaries	92,234	92,234	92,234	-	-
Expenditures	2,800	2,800	667	<u>-</u> _	2,133
TOTAL	95,034	95,034	92,901	-	2,133
FIRE DEPARTMENT					
Salaries	2,181,653	2,181,653	2,181,424	-	229
Expenditures	162,265	169,265	168,624	<u>-</u> _	641
TOTAL	2,343,918	2,350,918	2,350,048	-	870
BUILDING INSPECTION					
Salaries	221,163	221,163	220,996	-	167
Expenditures	24,100	24,100	23,963		137
TOTAL	245,263	245,263	244,959	-	304
CIVIL DEFENSE	2,000	2,000	404		1,596
Total Public Safety	5,385,416	5,438,116	5,422,500	8,154	7,462
EDUCATION					
PUBLIC SCHOOLS					
Salaries and expenditures	27,677,013	27,935,013	27,105,908	822,364	6,741
BLUE HILLS REGIONAL	136,932	136,932	134,870		2,062
Total Education	27,813,945	28,071,945	27,240,778	822,364	8,803

(Continued)

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - $$\operatorname{\mathtt{BUDGET}}$ AND ACTUAL

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	Budgeted Ar	nounts			
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Budgetary Amounts	Amounts Carried Forward To Next Year	Variance To Final Budget
PUBLIC WORKS					
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS					
Salaries-admin	158,075	158,075	157,984	-	91
Salaries-operations	1,165,093	1,165,093	1,143,026	21,630	437
Expenditures	363,388	376,788	370,857	4,126	1,805
TOTAL	1,686,556	1,699,956	1,671,867	25,756	2,333
BUILDING MAINTENANCE					
Expenditures	527,275	533,475	502,548	6,351	24,576
MUNICIPAL & SCHOOL FIELD MAINTENANCE					
Expenditures	85,000	85,000	84,999		1
SNOW & ICE					
Expenditures	141,200	216,200	216,191		9
STREET LIGHTING					
Expenditures	105,000	111,000	102,320	6,000	2,680
WASTE/COLLECTION/DISPOSAL					
Expenditures	1,517,000	1,517,000	1,490,904	<u> </u>	26,096
Total Public Works	4,062,031	4,162,631	4,068,829	38,107	55,695
HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES					
HEALTH DIVISION					
Salaries	149,456	153,456	153,374	-	82
Expenditures	10,126	10,126	9,683	398	45
TOTAL	159,582	163,582	163,057	398	127
OUTSIDE HEALTH AGENCIES	14,316	14,316	12,796		1,520
DISABILITY COMMISSION					
Expenditures	500	500			500
COUNCIL ON AGING					
Salaries	144,083	165,083	164,989	-	94
Expenditures	19,385	20,385	19,394		991
TOTAL	163,468	185,468	184,383	-	1,085
YOUTH COMMISSION					
Salaries	140,910	140,910	140,845	-	65
Expenditures	15,698	15,698	13,291	1,148	1,259
TOTAL	156,608	156,608	154,136	1,148	1,324
VETERANS SERVICES					
Salaries	22,902	22,902	22,870	-	32
Expenditures	32,691	32,691	29,701	346	2,644
TOTAL	55,593	55,593	52,571	346	2,676
Total Health and Human Services	550,067	576,067	566,943	1,892	7,232

(Continued)

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - $$\operatorname{\mathtt{BUDGET}}$ AND ACTUAL

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	Budgeted Am	ounts			
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Budgetary Amounts	Amounts Carried Forward To Next Year	Variance To Final Budget
CULTURE AND RECREATION					
RECREATION					
Salaries	222,469	222,469	222,468	=	1
Expenditures	41,550	41,550	41,140	-	410
TOTAL	264,019	264,019	263,608	-	411
PUBLIC LIBRARY					
Salaries	683,622	683,622	680,369	1,875	1,378
Expenditures	207,020	207,020	205,551	-	1,469
TOTAL	890,642	890,642	885,920	1,875	2,847
MEMORIAL DAY					
Expenditures	4,250	4,250	3,818	<u> </u>	432
Total Culture and Recreation	1,158,911	1,158,911	1,153,346	1,875	3,690
PENSION BENEFITS					
Contributory Pension	1,810,827	1,810,827	1,810,827	-	-
Non-Contributory Pension	51,598	51,598	51,598	-	-
Total Pension Benefits	1,862,425	1,862,425	1,862,425	-	-
INSURANCE					
General Liability	371,000	371,000	335,255	<u> </u>	35,745
CAPITAL OUTLAY	1,914,894	2,013,816	1,380,736	628,228	4,852
EMPLOYEE BENEFITS	4,429,004	4,429,004	4,349,031	150	79,823
STATE AND COUNTY ASSESSMENTS	510,423	510,423	508,634		1,789
DEBT SERVICE PRINCIPAL	4,165,000	4,165,000	4,165,000		
DEBT SERVICE INTEREST	1,999,592	1,999,592	1,988,350		11,242
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	57,074,332	57,213,332	55,243,494	1,505,507	464,331
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(3,098,899)	(3,237,899)	(554,529)	(1,505,507)	1,177,863
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers in	387,671	408,671	408,671	_	_
Transfers out	307,071				
Transiers out		(25,000)	(25,000)		<u> </u>
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	387,671	383,671	383,671		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(2,711,228)	(2,854,228)	(170,858)	(1,505,507)	1,177,863
BUDGETARY FUND BALANCE, Beginning of year	4,187,952	4,187,952	4,187,952		
BUDGETARY FUND BALANCE, End of year \$	1,476,724 \$	1,333,724 \$	4,017,094	(1,505,507)	1,177,863

See notes to required supplementary information.

(Concluded)

NOTE A – BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

1. Budgetary Information

Municipal Law requires the Town to adopt a balanced budget that is approved by Town Meeting. The Finance Committee presents an annual budget to Town Meeting, which includes estimates of revenues and other financing sources and recommendations of expenditures and other financing uses. The Town Meeting, which has full authority to amend and/or reject the budget or any line item, adopts the expenditure budget by majority vote.

Increases or transfers between and within departments subsequent to the approval of the annual budget, requires majority Special Town Meeting approval via a special article.

The majority of the Town's appropriations are non-continuing which lapse at the end of each fiscal year. Others are continuing appropriations for which the governing body has authorized that an unspent balance from a prior fiscal year be carried forward and made available for spending in the current fiscal year. These carry forwards are included as part of the subsequent fiscal year's original budget.

Generally, expenditures may not exceed the legal level of spending (salaries, expenses and capital) authorized for an appropriation account. However, the Town is statutorily required to pay debt service, regardless of whether such amounts are appropriated. Additionally, expenditures for disasters, natural or otherwise, and final judgments may exceed the level of spending authorized by two-thirds majority vote of Town Meeting.

The Town adopts an annual budget for the General Fund in conformity with the guidelines described above. The original fiscal year 2007 approved budget for the General Fund authorized \$55,840,459 in appropriations and other amounts to be raised and \$1,258,829 in encumbrances and appropriations carried over from previous fiscal years. During fiscal year 2007, the Town also approved supplemental appropriations totaling \$139,000.

The Town Accountant's office has the responsibility to ensure that budgetary control is maintained. Budgetary control is exercised through the Town's accounting system.

2. Budgetary - GAAP Reconciliation

For budgetary financial reporting purposes, the Uniform Municipal Accounting System basis of accounting (established by the Commonwealth of Massachusetts (Commonwealth)) is followed, which differs from the GAAP basis of accounting. A reconciliation of budgetary-basis to GAAP-basis results for the General Fund for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, is presented below:

Net change in fund balance - budgetary basis\$	(170,858)
Basis of accounting differences:	
Net change in recording 60-day receipts accrual	(117,000)
Net change in recording tax refunds payable	11,800
Net change in expenditure accruals	(201,180)
Recognition of revenue for on-behalf payments	(4,659,486)
Recognition of expenditures for on-behalf payments	4,659,486
Net change in fund balance - GAAP basis\$	(477,238)



Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules

The combining financial statements provide a more detailed view of the "Basic Financial Statements" presented in the preceding subsection.

Combining statements are presented when there are more than one fund of a given fund type.

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Fund Description

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than permanent funds or major capital project funds) that are restricted by law or administrative action to expenditures for specific purposes. The Town's special revenue funds are grouped into the following categories:

- School Lunch Fund accounts for the operations of the public school lunch program.
- Ambulance Fund accounts for the fees collected for ambulance services which can legally only be
 appropriated for costs to provide the service, such as Emergency Medical Technician firefighter stipend
 and ambulance supplies.
- Departmental Grants/Other Revolving Funds accounts for various grants and legally restricted revenues for special programs administered by Town departments.
- **Educational Grants/Other Revolving Funds** accounts for all educational programs specially financed by grants and other restricted revenues.
- **Expendable Governmental Trusts** accounts for contributions where both principal and investment earnings may be spent to support the government.
- **Highway Improvement Fund** accounts for funds received from the State Highway Department which are used for construction, reconstruction and improvements of roadways.

Capital Projects Funds

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of major capital assets (other than those financed by enterprise funds). Such resources are derived principally from proceeds of general obligation bonds and grants. The Town's grouping for non-major capital project funds is as described as follows:

- Roadway Improvements accounts for construction, reconstruction and improvements of roadways, streets and sidewalks. Funding is provided primarily by bond proceeds, various grants and legally restricted revenues for special programs administered by Town departments.
- **School Building Renovations** accounts for renovation, improvements and capital equipment associated with public school buildings.
- **Facilities Renovations** accounts for renovation, improvements and capital equipment associated with town buildings and facilities.

Permanent Funds

Permanent Funds are used to account for financial resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, not principal, may be used for purposes that support the reporting government's programs.

- **Cemetery Fund** accounts for contributions associated with cemetery care and maintenance.
- Other Nonexpendable Trust Funds accounts for various contributions associated with the public library, schools and veterans services.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

JUNE 30, 2007

				Special Revenue F	Funds		
ASSETS	School Lunch	Ambulance	Departmenta Grants/ Other Revolvin	I Educational Grants/ g Other Revolving	Expendable Governmental Trusts	Highway Improvement	Sub-total
Cash and cash equivalents\$ Receivables, net of uncollectibles:	156,764 \$	784,329	\$ 1,492,433	\$ 2,376,625	\$ 88,088	\$ 92,405	\$ 4,990,644
Departmental and other	<u>-</u>	68,747	1,950			1,090,939	70,697 1,090,939
TOTAL ASSETS\$	156,764 \$	853,076	\$ 1,494,383	\$ 2,376,625	\$ 88,088	\$1,183,344	\$ 6,152,280
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
LIABILITIES: Warrants payable\$ Deferred revenues Notes payable	18,216 \$ - -	- 68,747 -	\$ 9,543 1,950	\$ 529,151 S	\$ - - -	\$ - 1,090,939 -	\$ 556,910 1,161,636
TOTAL LIABILITIES	18,216	68,747	11,493	529,151		1,090,939	1,718,546
FUND BALANCES: Reserved for: Perpetual permanent funds Unreserved: Undesignated, reported in:	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Special revenue funds	138,548	784,329	1,482,890	1,847,474	88,088	92,405	4,433,734
Capital projects funds Permanent funds	<u> </u>						
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	138,548	784,329	1,482,890	1,847,474	88,088	92,405	4,433,734
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES \$_	156,764_\$	853,076	\$ 1,494,383	\$ 2,376,625	\$88,088	\$1,183,344	\$ 6,152,280

		Capital Projec	cts Funds				P	ermanent Fund	ls			
<u>l</u>	Roadway mprovements	School Building Renovations	Facilities Renovations	Sub-total	_	Cemetery		Other Nonexpendable Trust Funds		Sub-total		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$	517,665 \$	55,733 \$	1,663,696 \$	2,237,094	\$	310,297	\$	186,917	\$	497,214	\$	7,724,952
_	- -	- -	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	_	1,050		-		1,050	_	71,747 1,090,939
\$_	517,665 \$	55,733	1,663,696 \$	2,237,094	\$_	311,347	\$	186,917	\$	498,264	\$	8,887,638
\$	- \$ - -	- \$ - -	5 - \$ - 1,440,000	- - 1,440,000	\$	- 1,050 -	\$	- - -	\$	1,050 -	\$	556,910 1,162,686 1,440,000
_	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	1,440,000	1,440,000	_	1,050				1,050	-	3,159,596
	-	-	-	-		292,110		-		292,110		292,110
_	517,665 -	55,733 -	223,696 -	797,094 -	_	- - 18,187		- - 186,917		- - 205,104	. <u>-</u>	4,433,734 797,094 205,104
_	517,665	55,733	223,696	797,094	_	310,297		186,917		497,214	_	5,728,042
\$_	517,665 \$	55,733	1,663,696 \$	2,237,094	\$_	311,347	\$	186,917	\$	498,264	\$	8,887,638

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

_			S	pecial Revenue Fu	nds		
_	School Lunch	Ambulance	Departmental Grants/ Other Revolving	Educational Grants/ Other Revolving	Expendable Governmental Trusts	Highway Improvement	Sub-total
REVENUES:							
Charges for services\$	833,282 \$	500,949			- \$	- \$	4,126,579
Intergovernmental	78,834	-	201,755	2,104,194	-	255,834	2,640,617
Departmental and other	-	-	2,594,215	400.705	-	-	2,594,215
Contributions	-	-	100,177	100,725	0.050	-	200,902
Investment income	-				9,656		9,656
TOTAL REVENUES	912,116	500,949	3,411,276	4,482,138	9,656	255,834	9,571,969
EXPENDITURES: Current:							
General government	-	-	3,023,760	-	-	-	3,023,760
Public safety	-	-	140,656	-	-	-	140,656
Education	800,979	-	-	4,683,699	-	-	5,484,678
Public works	-	-	15	-	-	216,127	216,142
Human services	-	-	40,849	-	-	-	40,849
Culture and recreation	-	-	443,120	-	-	-	443,120
Capital outlay	<u> </u>					<u> </u>	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	800,979		3,648,400	4,683,699		216,127	9,349,205
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES							
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	111,137	500,949	(237,124)	(201,561)	9,656	39,707	222,764
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers out		(344,850)	(53,821)		<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	(398,671)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	<u>-</u>	(344,850)	(53,821)			<u> </u>	(398,671)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	111,137	156,099	(290,945)	(201,561)	9,656	39,707	(175,907)
FUND BALANCES AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	27,411	628,230	1,773,835	2,049,035	78,432	52,698	4,609,641
FUND BALANCES AT END OF YEAR\$	138,548 \$	784,329	\$ 1,482,890 \$	1,847,474 \$	88,088 \$	92,405 \$	4,433,734

		Capital Projec	ets Funds			Р	Permanent Funds			
	Roadway Improvements	School Building Renovations	Facilities Renovations	Sub-total	Cemetery		Other Nonexpendable Trust Funds	Sub-total		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	_	\$	- \$	- \$	_	\$	4,126,579
•	- '	-	- 1	-	•	- '	- '	-	•	2,640,617
	-	-	-	-		-	-	-		2,594,215
	-	-	-	-		8,125	-	8,125		209,027
	-	-	-	-		10,062	109,046	119,108		128,764
•					_	18,187	109,046	127,233	-	9,699,202
	-	-	369,699	369,699		-	-	-		3,393,459
	-	-	-	-		-	-	-		140,656
	-	-				-	-	-		5,484,678
	11,790	-	7,475	19,265		-	-	-		235,407
	-	-	63,920	63,920		-	-	-		104,769
	-	-	-	-		-	847	847		443,967
	-		2,850	2,850	_				_	2,850
•	11,790		443,944	455,734	_	<u>-</u>	847	847	-	9,805,786
	(11,790)		(443,944)	(455,734)	_	18,187	108,199	126,386	-	(106,584)
-				<u>-</u>	_	(10,000)		(10,000)	_	(408,671)
	<u>-</u>		<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	_	(10,000)		(10,000)	_	(408,671)
	(11,790)	-	(443,944)	(455,734)		8,187	108,199	116,386		(515,255)
	529,455	55,733	667,640	1,252,828	_	302,110	78,718	380,828	_	6,243,297
\$	517,665	55,733 \$	223,696 \$	797,094 \$	_	310,297 \$	186,917 \$	497,214	\$	5,728,042

Agency Fund

Fund Description

The Agency Fund is used to account for assets held in a purely custodial capacity. The Town's agency fund consists primarily of public safety and custodial details worked by Town employees and student activities.

AGENCY FUND

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	July 1, 2006	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2007
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents\$ Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles:	322,895	\$ 887,800	\$ (886,570) \$	324,125
Departmental and other	74,184	 350,425	(352,489)	72,120
TOTAL ASSETS\$	397,079	\$ 1,238,225	\$ (1,239,059) \$	396,245
LIABILITIES				
Warrants payable\$	1,215	\$ 1,798	\$ (1,215) \$	1,798
Liabilities due depositors - Student Activities	189,154	441,524	(441,178)	189,500
Liabilities due depositors - Planning Deposits	206,710	 443,247	 (445,010)	204,947
TOTAL LIABILITIES\$	397,079	\$ 886,569	\$ (887,403) \$	396,245

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Statistical Section

Financial Trends

Revenue Capacity

Debt Capacity

Demographic and Economic Information

Operating Information

General Information



Carby Street Municipal Office Building

At the 2001 Annual Town Meeting, residents approved \$2.6 M to construct a new municipal office building. The building opened in the summer of 2004 and houses all Land Use Departments and the Department of Public Works administrative offices.

Statistical Section

This part of the Town of Westwood comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the Town's overall financial health.

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the Town's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the Town's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the Town's current levels of outstanding debt and the Town's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the Town's financial activities take place.

Operating Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the Town's financial report relates to the services the Town provides and the activities it performs.

SOURCES: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year. The Town implemented GASB Statement 34 in 2003; schedules presenting government-wide information include information beginning in that year.

Net Assets By Component

Last Five Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year								
	2003		2004	_	2005	_	2006		2007
Governmental activities:									
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 79,937,570	\$	92,686,112	\$	95,230,650	\$	98,408,025	\$	98,291,275
Restricted	1,982,394		2,396,038		2,040,497		1,964,324		2,460,440
Unrestricted	6,972,221	_	8,079,192	· -	6,906,276	_	7,056,149		6,676,163
Total governmental activities net assets	88,892,185	\$_	103,161,342	\$_	104,177,423	\$_	107,428,498	\$_	107,427,878
Business-type activities:									
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	11,777,013		12,576,170		13,031,429		13,291,362		13,471,826
Unrestricted	4,048,154	_	3,674,751	_	3,125,801	_	3,151,996		3,067,928
Total business-type activities net assets	15,825,167	\$_	16,250,921	\$_	16,157,230	\$_	16,443,358	\$_	16,539,754
Primary government:									
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	91,714,583		105,262,282		108,262,079		111,699,387		111,763,101
Restricted	1,982,394		2,396,038		2,040,497		1,964,324		2,460,440
Unrestricted	11,020,375	_	11,753,943	_	10,032,077	_	10,208,145		9,744,091
Total primary government net assets	104,717,352	\$	119,412,263	\$_	120,334,653	\$_	123,871,856	\$_	123,967,632

Changes in Net Assets

Last Five Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year								
	_	2003	_	2004	-	2005		2006	2007
Expenses									
Governmental activities:									
General government	\$	3,462,155	\$	3,635,830	\$	3,637,013	\$	4,050,919 \$	6,876,348
Public safety		5,979,119		6,932,516		6,788,670		6,681,974	7,571,002
Education		33,748,282		33,726,237		37,194,249		40,436,635	41,522,952
Public works		6,047,156		6,497,815		7,106,772		6,870,792	6,025,150
Human services		657,325		686,770		769,618		676,238	844,529
Culture and recreation		1,470,450		1,660,585		1,714,349		1,476,621	1,880,631
Interest	-	1,300,036	_	2,887,074	-	2,280,112	-	2,115,474	1,966,558
Total government activities expenses	_	52,664,523	_	56,026,827	-	59,490,783	-	62,308,653	66,687,170
Business-type activities:									
Sewer	_	3,531,101	_	3,346,728	-	3,670,564		3,472,503	3,944,791
Total primary government expenses	\$	56,195,624	\$	59,373,555	\$	63,161,347	\$	65,781,156 \$	70,631,961
Program Revenues									
Governmental activities:									
Education charges for services	\$	938,178	\$	1,362,860	\$	1,570,591	\$	2,266,074 \$	2,281,378
Public Safety charges for services		719,892		824,255		1,117,709		978,855	1,032,522
Other charges for services		738,635		745,324		897,929		1,674,457	4,098,574
Operating grants and contributions		9,583,746		10,228,691		10,538,810		11,286,009	11,341,858
Capital grant and contributions	-	8,850,868	-	10,228,896	-	206,689	-	3,890,753	255,834
Total government activities program revenues	_	20,831,319		23,390,026	-	14,331,728	-	20,096,148	19,010,166
Business-type activities:									
Charges for services		3,673,919		3,657,703		3,402,779		3,682,473	3,788,725
Operating grants and contributions	_	130,477		114,779	-	174,094		76,158	72,022
Total business-type activities program revenues	_	3,804,396	_	3,772,482	-	3,576,873		3,758,631	3,860,747
Total primary government program revenues	\$ _	24,635,715	\$_	27,162,508	\$	17,908,601	\$	23,854,779 \$	22,870,913
Net (Expense)/Program Revenue									
Governmental activities	\$	(29,874,293)	\$	(30,677,590)	\$	(43,199,844)	\$	(40,253,294) \$	(47,677,004)
Business-type activities	_	273,295		425,754	-	(93,691)	-	286,128	96,396
Total primary government net (expense)/program revenue	\$	(29,600,998)	\$	(30,251,836)	\$	(43,293,535)	\$	(39,967,166) \$	(47,580,608)
General Revenues and other Changes in Net Assets Governmental activities:									
Real estate and personal property taxes,									
net of tax refunds payable	\$	37,137,655	\$	42,923,460	\$	42,580,416	\$	41,634,700 \$	43,748,150
Motor vehicle excise taxes		2,417,791		2,167,086		2,401,439		2,226,361	2,138,434
Penalties and interest on taxes		965,211		109,524		80,853		55,045	67,239
Grants and contributions not restricted to		704000		700 100		700 000		700 407	0.45 700
specific programs		724,330		700,468		703,263		789,487	945,762
Unrestricted investment income		731,824 473,967		494,065 511,355		402,355 6,810		688,030 69,957	707,268 69,531
Transfers	_	212,000	_	-	_	-	_		-
Total governmental activities	_	42,662,778	_	46,905,958	_	46,175,136		45,463,580	47,676,384
Business-type activities:									
Transfers	_	(212,000)	_		-	-	-	<u>-</u> .	<u>-</u>
Total primary government general revenues and other									
changes in net assets	\$ _	42,450,778	\$_	46,905,958	\$	46,175,136	\$	45,463,580 \$	47,676,384
Changes in Net Assets									
Governmental activities	\$	12,788,485	¢	16,228,368	\$	2,975,292	¢	5,210,286 \$	(620)
Business-type activities	φ	61,295	φ	425,754	φ	(93,691)	φ	286,128	96,396
•	-		_		-		-		
Total primary government changes in net assets	\$ _	12,849,780	\$ _	16,654,122	\$	2,881,601	\$	5,496,414 \$	95,776

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds

Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Fiscal Ye	ar				
-	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
General Fund										
Reserved\$	619,896 \$	419,256 \$	748,400 \$	1,276,601 \$	1,103,884 \$	972,309 \$	1,363,820 \$	919,078 \$	545,225 \$	795,859
Unreserved	2,961,102	2,830,282	3,136,746	2,958,707	2,416,165	2,464,039	3,576,642	2,845,975	3,111,460	2,383,588
-										
Total general fund\$	3,580,998 \$	3,249,538 \$	3,885,146 \$	4,235,308 \$	3,520,049 \$	3,436,348 \$	4,940,462 \$	3,765,053 \$	3,656,685 \$	3,179,447
=	· •			` <u></u> ` <u></u>	· .				···	
All Other Governmental Funds										
Reserved\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	282.479 \$	260,154 \$	264,878 \$	276,663 \$	292,110
Unreserved, reported in:	·			·		, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,	,
Special revenue funds	1,904,972	2,153,385	2,154,458	2.757.204	3,600,812	5,007,313	5,275,639	5,113,969	5,513,725	5,402,561
Capital projects funds	(2,535,627)	236,598	(1,285,729)	(11,688,102)	(2,119,012)	21,943,519	6,064,002	(687,108)	736,508	(686,881)
Permanent funds	(=,===,===,		(',===, '==',	-	(=,:::,::=)	188,960	219,535	96,550	104,165	205,104
_						.55,000	2.0,000	22,000	, 100	200,101
Total all other governmental funds\$	(630,655) \$	2,389,983 \$	868,729 \$	(8,930,898) \$	1,481,800 \$	27,422,271 \$	11,819,330 \$	4,788,289 \$	6,631,061 \$	5,212,894

Fiscal years 1998 through 2002 exclude Expendable and Nonexpendable Trust Funds which were reported under the pre-GASB 34 format.

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds

Last Ten Fiscal Years

<u> </u>					Fiscal `	Year				
_	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Revenues:										
Real estate and personal property taxes,										
net of tax refunds\$	25,374,757 \$	27,138,931 \$	29,203,012 \$	30,989,110 \$	33,058,505 \$	37,231,915 \$	42,985,534 \$	42,597,265 \$	41,656,689 \$	43.390.323
Motor vehicle and excise taxes	1.778.859	1.684.385	1.881.612	2.034.010	2.130.210	2.268.563	2.273.692	2.309.888	2.298.852	2.135.754
Charges for Service	4,100,589	4,049,877	4,564,588	4,709,200	5,347,532	2,136,492	2,651,950	3,117,619	3,935,558	4,126,579
Penalties and interest on taxes	128,440	103,236	91.956	105,016	80,919	95.211	109,524	80,853	55,045	67.239
Fees and rentals	264.627	325.700	327.887	323.616	157.769	194,161	193,562	139.377	159.315	310.687
Licenses and permits	248,370	262,963	390,777	302,049	402,773	389,218	390,896	488,924	563,180	438,345
Fines and forfeitures	27,438	21,322	16,921	18,505	20,968	22,131	20,103	19,535	20,233	20.030
Intergovernmental	4,490,372	5.311.408	5.638.337	6,063,531	10,384,817	9,538,368	9,278,949	11.003.129	18.939.179	14.204.828
Departmental and other	601,108	761,993	814,420	666,298	448,278	824,161	315,548	510,053	1,118,943	3,203,390
Special assessments	-	-	-	350.074	302,343	2.635	2.279	2.196	227	219
Contributions	274,283	331,355	108,497	339,225	101,472	254,579	292,751	198,012	278,475	209,027
Payment in lieu of taxes	134,044	195,832	-	-	.0.,2	20.,0.0			2.0,0	200,02.
Investment income	417,220	500,551	871,423	1,136,865	603,882	764,835	526,102	462,815	737,541	875,775
involution income	417,220	000,001	07 1,420	1,100,000	000,002	7 0 1,000	020,102	102,010	707,041	010,110
Total Revenue	37,840,107	40,687,553	43,909,430	47,037,499	53,039,468	53,722,269	59,040,890	60,929,666	69,763,237	68,982,196
Expenditures:										
General government	1,764,063	2,178,962	1,945,303	2,023,982	2.714.855	2.409.292	2,375,437	2,325,420	2,772,522	5.491.831
Public safety	4,019,515	4,375,431	4,611,266	4,419,718	5,156,328	5,048,020	5,553,718	5,319,769	5,532,508	5.864.064
Education	18.642.937	20,080,024	21.646.822	23.362.862	26,054,543	26,417,335	27,272,432	29,837,234	31,290,271	32.129.154
Public works	3,344,459	4,114,487	3,617,940	4,163,417	4,673,091	3,624,461	3,826,652	4,371,327	4,160,299	3,259,828
Human services	400,514	451,433	470,191	458,134	494,694	583,656	553,891	591,063	542,579	679,913
Culture and recreation.	1,152,375	1,030,684	1,064,374	1,136,346	1,352,756	1,320,645	1,387,503	1,426,902	1,226,874	1.607.006
Pension benefits	-	-	-	-	4,527,122	4,623,294	4,914,630	5,532,520	6,087,190	6,521,911
Property and liability insurance	_	-	-	-	194,098	241,297	273,966	298,824	324,298	335,255
Employee benefits	2,659,014	2,759,375	3,008,991	3,186,542	2.465.611	2,872,277	3,073,485	3,318,828	3,962,780	4.349.031
State and MWRA assessments	2,065,711	1,959,361	2,276,877	2,230,095	2,154,608	538,506	513,867	496,131	496,993	508,634
Capital outlay	4,467,371	6,721,897	6,095,441	12,651,562	7,058,760	18,893,055	19,309,906	8,895,320	5,327,301	4,163,245
Debt service	, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,
Principal	1,519,077	1,748,285	2,808,273	3,439,008	2,140,102	2,360,000	4,028,000	4,415,000	4,165,000	4,165,000
Interest	· · ·	· · ·	· · · -	· · ·	1,052,316	834,458	3,258,430	2,307,778	2,140,218	1,988,350
•										
Total Expenditures	40,035,036	45,419,939	47,545,478	57,071,666	60,038,884	69,766,296	76,341,917	69,136,116	68,028,833	71,063,222
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(2,194,929)	(4,732,386)	(3,636,048)	(10,034,167)	(6,999,416)	(16,044,027)	(17,301,027)	(8,206,450)	1,734,404	(2,081,026)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Issuance of debt	_	7,269,070	2,315,700	_	16,600,000	39,841,000	2,262,000	_	_	_
Premium from issuance of bonds	_	7,200,070	2,010,100	_	-	-	511,354	_	_	_
Capital lease financing	_	_	_	_	_	869,865	428,846	_	_	185,622
Transfers in	366,843	506,219	807,778	1,613,135	1,200,917	1,202,728	1,197,433	1,523,180	543,198	433,671
Transfers out	(361,880)	(353,725)	(373,076)	(1,028,433)	(1,104,062)	(990,728)	(1,197,433)	(1,523,180)	(543,198)	(433,671)
	(221,000)	\	(5. 5,5. 5)	(1,123,100)	(.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	(223,720)	(.,,)	(.,==,,,,,,	\= .0,.00/	(,)
Total other financing sources (uses)	4,963	7,421,564	2,750,402	584,702	16,696,855	40,922,865	3,202,200	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	185,622
Net change in fund balance\$	(2,189,966) \$	2,689,178 \$	(885,646) \$	(9,449,465)	9,697,439 \$	24,878,838 \$	(14,098,827) \$	(8,206,450) \$	1,734,404 \$	(1,895,404)
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	4.27%	4.52%	6.78%	7.74%	6.03%	6.28%	12.78%	11.16%	10.06%	9.20%

Notes:

Fiscal years 1998 through 2002 exclude Expendable and Nonexpendable Trust Funds which were reported under the pre-GASB 34 format.

Debt service interest and principal expenditures from 1998 through 2001 are combined.

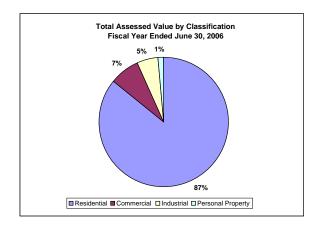
In fiscal year 2002, the on-behalf payments by the Commonwealth for teachers pension benefits were reported for the first time.

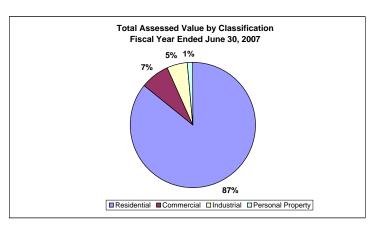
In fiscal year 2003, sewer charges for services were reclassified to the Sewer Enterprise Fund which was established in accordance with GASB 34.

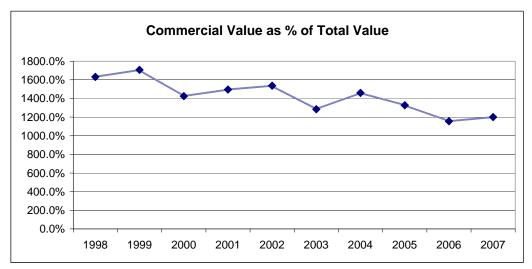
Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property by Classification and Tax Rates

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	=	Residential Value	Residential Tax Rate	Commercial Value	Assessed and Ac Industrial Value	Personal Property	Tax Rates Total Commercial Value	Commercial Tax Rate	Total Direct Rate	Total Town Value
1998		\$1,301,083,000	\$14.05	\$111,953,750	\$127,527,300	\$18,123,340	\$257,604,390	\$27.72	\$16.31	\$1,558,687,390
1999		\$1,330,319,200	\$14.75	\$112,066,200	\$128,531,800	\$21,639,140	\$262,237,140	\$28.85	\$17.07	\$1,592,556,340
2000	(1)	\$1,685,949,500	\$12.66	\$171,721,300	\$190,194,000	\$29,756,990	\$391,672,290	\$21.09	\$14.25	\$2,077,621,790
2001		\$1,709,699,250	\$13.37	\$162,673,650	\$191,446,000	\$31,531,378	\$385,651,028	\$21.99	\$14.96	\$2,095,350,278
2002		\$1,731,760,550	\$13.87	\$205,967,250	\$185,038,900	\$32,480,313	\$423,486,463	\$21.52	\$15.37	\$2,155,247,013
2003	(1)	\$2,471,698,300	\$11.45	\$217,111,450	\$186,762,200	\$28,226,499	\$432,100,149	\$20.80	\$12.84	\$2,903,798,449
2004		\$2,485,356,400	\$12.96	\$220,942,100	\$190,054,500	\$55,705,658	\$466,702,258	\$23.36	\$14.60	\$2,952,058,658
2005		\$2,777,182,391	\$11.97	\$257,451,131	\$175,306,750	\$36,935,683	\$469,693,564	\$20.97	\$13.27	\$3,246,875,955
2006 2007	(1)	\$3,135,347,507 \$3,147,514,446	\$10.37 \$10.73	\$270,425,345 \$271,807,104	\$192,667,650 \$190,849,800	\$50,618,745 \$51,962,800	\$513,711,740 \$514,619,704	\$18.85 \$19.81	\$11.56 \$12.01	\$3,649,059,247 \$3,662,134,150







⁽¹⁾ Revaluation year.

Source: Assessor's Department, Town of Westwood

All property in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts is assessed at 100% of fair cash value.

Note: Chapter 59, Section 21C of the Massachusetts General Laws, known as "Proposition 2 1/2", imposes 2 separate limits on the annual tax levy of the Town. The primary limitation is that the tax levy cannot exceed 2 1/2 percent of the full and fair cash value. The secondary limitation is that the tax levy cannot exceed the maximum levy limit for the preceding fiscal year as determined by the State Commissioner of Revenue by more than 2 1/2 percent, subject to an exception for property added to the tax rolls and for certain substantial valuation increases other than as part of a general revaluation. The secondary limit may be exceeded in any year by a majority vote of the voters, however it cannot exceed the primary limitation.

Principal Taxpayers

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

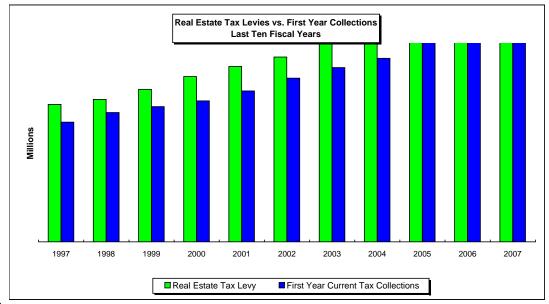
			2007			1998	
Name	Nature of Business	Assessed Valuation	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value	Assessed Valuation	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value
CFRI/Doherty	Office Building/Warehouse	\$118,850,800	1	3.2%	-		-
Nstar	Office Building	\$52,712,200	2	1.4%	-		-
Medical Information Tech Inc.	Office Building/Medical Information	\$52,617,450	3	1.4%	\$5,858,000	6	0.6%
Foxhill	Residential Community	\$80,748,000	4	2.2%	\$52,190,000	1	2.9%
GR-Highland/Westwood Glen LP	Residential Community	\$36,482,800	5	1.0%	-		-
CRP Holdings	Office building/Research & Development	\$17,406,750	6	0.5%	-		-
J L Rappaport & J F Aserkoff Trs	Office Building	\$9,399,850	7	0.3%	-		-
Clair Limited Partnership	Auto Sales	\$9,387,950	8	0.3%	-		-
Glacier Limited Partnership	Office Building	\$9,227,500	9	0.3%	-		-
346 University LLC	Office Building	\$8,745,600	10	0.2%	-		-
Beacon Properties, LP	Office Building/Financial & Professional	-		-	\$14,630,000	2	1.6%
Dean Witter Realty Income	Office/Research & Development	-		-	\$6,023,000	3	0.7%
Klinnoc Realty (GMAC Parts Dept.)	Warehouse Facility	-		-	\$8,663,500	4	0.9%
Westwood Executive Center	Office Building/Financial & Professional	-		-	\$26,690,000	5	2.9%
Perry and Walker	Office Building/Financial Services	-		-	\$27,300,000	7	3.0%
Saraceno, D.J.	Office/Research & Development	-		-	\$11,362,100	8	1.2%
Uniave One Ltd. Partnership	Office/Research & Development	-		-	\$8,829,000	9	0.7%
Mortimer B. Zuckerman	Office/Warehouse				\$8,129,000	10	0.9%
	Totals	\$395,578,900		10.8%	\$169,674,600		15.4%
Source: Town of Westwood, Assess		\$395,578,900		10.8%	\$169,674,600		;

Town of Westwood, Massachusetts

Property Tax Levies and Collections

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year		(2) Net Tax Levy	First Year Current Tax Collections	Percent of Net Levy Collected	Delinquent Tax Collections	Total Tax Collections	Percent of Total Tax Collections to Net Tax Levy
1998		\$25,291,715	\$25,015,911	98.91%	\$269,891	\$25,285,802	99.98%
1999		\$27,073,576	\$26,784,772	98.93%	\$287,300	\$27,072,072	99.99%
2000	(1)	\$29,335,741	\$29,058,196	99.05%	\$263,045	\$29,321,241	99.95%
2001	` ,	\$31,137,780	\$30,935,846	99.35%	\$182,650	\$31,118,496	99.94%
2002		\$32,816,808	\$32,592,848	99.32%	\$200,000	\$32,792,848	99.93%
2003	(1)	\$37,159,982	\$37,036,617	99.67%	\$96,832	\$37,133,449	99.93%
2004		\$42,808,208	\$42,644,456	99.62%	\$73,971	\$42,718,427	99.79%
2005		\$42,693,664	\$42,455,987	99.44%	\$13,692	\$42,469,679	99.48%
2006	(1)	\$41,704,814	\$41,549,899	99.63%	\$207,375	\$41,757,274	100.13%
2007		\$43,431,916	\$43,236,824	99.55%	\$0	\$43,236,824	99.55%



- (1) Revaluation year.
- (2) Includes tax liens.
- (3) Source: Town of Westwood Collectors Department and Town Records

Town of Westwood, Massachusetts

Ratios of Outstanding Debt and General Bonded Debt

Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Gove	rnmental Activities	s Debt	
Fiscal Year	Population Estimates	•		General Obligation Bonds	Capital Leases	Per Capita	Percentage of Personal Income	Percentage of Assessed Value
1998	14,114	409,560,188	\$1,558,687,390	\$3,495,000	\$0	\$248	0.85%	0.22%
1999	14,347	438,233,036	\$1,592,556,340	\$7,335,700	\$0	\$511	1.67%	0.46%
2000	14,626	470,268,598	\$2,077,621,790	\$6,445,000	\$0	\$441	1.37%	0.31%
2001	14,745	499,047,153	\$2,095,350,278	\$5,145,000	\$0	\$349	1.03%	0.25%
2002	14,807	527,521,635	\$2,155,247,013	\$18,955,000	\$0	\$1,280	3.59%	0.88%
2003	14,885	588,211,056	\$2,903,798,449	\$16,595,000	\$0	\$1,115	2.82%	0.57%
2004	15,165	598,643,683	\$2,952,058,658	\$54,670,000	\$869,865	\$3,662	9.28%	1.88%
2005	15,229	632,810,637	\$3,246,875,955	\$50,255,000	\$605,479	\$3,340	8.04%	1.57%
2006	15,418	642,302,797	\$3,649,059,247	\$46,090,000	\$245,668	\$3,005	7.21%	1.27%
2007	15,485	651,937,339	\$3,662,134,150	\$41,925,000	\$185,622	\$2,719	6.46%	1.15%

	Business-type	Activities (1)	Total Primary Government								
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Capital Leases	Total Debt Outstanding	Per Capita	Percentage of Personal Income	Percentage of Assessed Value					
1998	\$3,717,284	\$0	\$7,212,284	\$511	1.76%	0.46%					
1999	\$5,947,640	\$0	\$13,283,340	\$926	3.03%	0.83%					
2000	\$7,030,548	\$0	\$13,475,548	\$921	2.87%	0.65%					
2001	\$6,114,568	\$0	\$11,259,568	\$764	2.26%	0.54%					
2002	\$6,786,885	\$0	\$25,741,885	\$1,738	4.88%	1.19%					
2003	\$5,805,810	\$0	\$22,400,810	\$1,505	3.81%	0.77%					
2004	\$4,823,582	\$0	\$60,363,447	\$3,980	10.08%	2.04%					
2005	\$3,854,664	\$0	\$54,715,143	\$3,593	8.65%	1.69%					
2006	\$3,440,498	\$0	\$49,776,166	\$3,228	7.75%	1.36%					
2007	\$3,022,828	\$0	\$45,133,450	\$2,915	6.92%	1.23%					

(1) Sewer Fund Source: Audited Financial Statements, U. S. Census

Town of Westwood, Massachusetts Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt

As of June 30, 2007

Town of Westwood, Massachusetts	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable		Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt
Debt repaid with property taxes				
Norfolk County\$	1,200,000	3.4%	\$	40,524
Blue Hills Regional Vocational School District	850,000	1.2%	-	10,200
Subtotal, overlapping debt				50,724
Town direct debt				41,925,000
Total direct and overlapping debt			\$_	41,975,724

Source: Town of Westwood, Finance Department

Town of Westwood, Massachusetts

Computation of Legal Debt Margin

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	<u>1998</u>	<u>1999</u>	2000	<u>2001</u>	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Equalized Valuation	\$1,701,499,600	\$1,701,499,600	\$2,218,233,000	\$2,218,233,000	\$2,795,016,900	\$2,795,016,900	\$3,415,448,600	\$3,415,448,600	\$3,834,008,100	\$3,834,008,100
Debt Limit -5% of Equalized Valuation	\$ 85,074,980	\$ 85,074,980	\$ 110,911,650	\$ 110,911,650	\$ 139,750,845	\$ 139,750,845	\$ 170,772,430	\$ 170,772,430	\$ 191,700,405	\$ 191,700,405
Less:										
Outstanding debt applicable to limit	\$ 7,212,284 \$ 11,490,201	\$ 13,283,340 \$ 11,323,110	\$ 13,103,972 \$ 55,006,500	\$ 11,259,568 \$ 56,702,000	\$ 25,741,858 \$ 47,986,340	\$ 22,400,810 \$ 9,183,640	\$ 59,493,582 \$ 5,833,340	\$ 54,109,664 \$ 7,023,340	\$ 49,530,498 \$ 3,445,000	\$ 44,947,828 \$ 3,865,000
Legal debt margin	\$66,372,495	\$60,468,530	\$42,801,178	\$42,950,082	\$66,022,647	\$108,166,395	\$105,445,508	\$109,639,426	\$138,724,907	\$142,887,577
Total debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	21.98%	28.92%	61.41%	61.28%	52.76%	22.60%	38.25%	35.80%	27.63%	25.46%

Source: Town of Westwood, Finance Department

Town of Westwood, Massachusetts

Demographic and Economic Statistics

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population Estimates	Personal Income	Per Capita Personal Median Income Age		School Enrollment	Unemployment Rate
1998	14,114	409,560,188	\$29,018	39.3	2,299	1.8%
1999	14,347	438,233,036	\$30,545	39.3	2,488	1.6%
2000	14,626	470,268,598	\$32,153	41.0	2,562	1.5%
2001	14,745	499,047,153	\$33,845	41.0	2,556	2.7%
2002	14,807	527,521,635	\$35,627	41.0	2,698	3.4%
2003	14,885	558,211,056	\$37,502	41.0	2,761	3.6%
2004	15,165	598,643,683	\$39,475	41.0	2,830	2.1%
2005	15,229	632,810,637	\$41,553	41.0	2,867	3.3%
2006	15,418	642,302,797	\$41,659	41.0	2,915	2.7%
2007	15,485	651,937,339	\$42,101	41.0	3,023	3.0%

Source: U. S. Census, Division of Local Services

Median age is based on most recent census data

MA Department of Education

School and Town Clerk Departments, Town of Westwood

MA Office of Workforce Development

Principal Employers (excluding Town)

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

			2007			1998	
	Nature			Percentage of			Percentage of
	of			Total Town			Total Town
Employer	Business	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
Nstar	Power Company	1115	1	17%	-		-
State Street Bank	Financial Services	700	2	11%	1000	1	15%
Meditech, Inc.	Medical Information	435	3	7%	400	4	6%
New York Life Insurance	Life Insurance	325	4	5%	-		-
Roche Bros.	Supermarkets	280	5	4%	390	6	6%
Turnbine, Inc	Video Games	250	6	4%	-		-
ADE Corporation	Measurement Technology	200	7	3%	-		-
MIB	Medical Information	176	8	3%	200	9	3%
Northrop Grumman	electronics	150	9	2%	-		-
Clair Motors	Car dealer	111	10	2%	-		-
LTX Corporation	Test Equipment for Computer Components	-		-	500	3	7%
Analog Devices	Electronic Control Devices	-		-	1000	2	15%
Cellular One	Communications	-		-	400	5	6%
F.W. Fazon Co., Inc	Library Subscription Agency	-		-	300	7	4%
Computer Associates	Software Development	-		-	250	8	4%
Universal Press	Printing Company	-		-	200	10	3%

Source: Massachusetts Workplace Development

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Full-time Equivalent Town Employees by Function

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year

	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Circuitos										
Function	18	10	10	19	19	19	18	20	20	21
General government		18	18						20	
Public Safety	66	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	66	68
Education	364	388	347	345	367	391	379	396	431	488
Public works	24	25	26	28	29	29	28	28	28	28
Human services	5	5	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Culture and recreation	8	8	8	8	9	9	9	9	9	9
Total	485	512	473	474	498	522	508	527	560	620

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Source: Town Records

Operating Indicators by Function/Program

Last Ten Fiscal Years

<u> </u>	Fiscal Year									
Function/Program	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
General Government										
Population	14,077	14,114	14,347	14,626	14,745	14,807	14,885	15,196	15,418	15,485
Registered Voters, Annual Town Election	9,016	9,004	8,852	9,247	9,212	9,000	9,032	8,999	9,323	9,353
Town Clerk	-,-	.,	-,	-,	- /	-,	-,	-,	-,-	-,
Births	180	176	190	193	180	173	176	152	135	158
Marriages	80	62	74	61	56	46	49	41	53	44
Deaths	169	144	156	165	161	142	153	141	146	145
Dogs licensed	1,045	983	979	692	989	963	997	1,109	1,000	1,138
Police										
Documented calls for police services	15,124	15,670	16,628	16,579	13,909	15,088	15,408	15,858	15,300	15,993
Uniform crimes reported	205	225	155	139	164	177	210	262	214	238
Arrests	167	154	167	134	126	105	147	NA	126	155
Traffic citations issued	1,140	3,101	1,889	1,930	1,148	1,081	1,804	NA NA	1,666	2,042
	1,140		1,009	1,930	208	1,061	343	356	82	129
Parking tickets issued		112								
False burglary alarms	1,582	1,734	2,328	2,448	2,121	1,371	1,261	1,245	1,135	1,091
Total number of animal complaints	806	977	876	1,030	991	883	888	861	621	572
Fire										
Inspections	720	876	783	817	826	818	840	852	839	-
Plan reviews	124	118	115	132	118	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Permits/certificates issued	569	562	580	621	507	371	563	547	408	-
Emergency responses	2,457	2,539	2,686	2,927	3,178	2,819	2,658	2,793	2,798	-
Building Department										
Permits issued	1.849	1,703	1.572	1.788	1,631	1,736	1.764	1.782	1,784	1.992
T ettillo iooueu	1,043	1,703	1,572	1,700	1,001	1,730	1,704	1,702	1,704	1,552
Education										
Public school enrollment	2,191	2,299	2,488	2,562	2,556	2,698	2,573	2,720	2,867	3,023
Public Works										
Cemetery										
Lots sold	59	52	40	61	46	43	26	47	60	36
interments	66	66	53	63	65	61	52	68	68	62
Recycling/tons	895	1,324	1,352	1,460	1,490	1,709	1,840	1,807	1,764	1,656
Hazardous Waste Day Participants	NA	290	256	311	353	567	360	479	513	336
Human Services										
Board of Health										
Permits issued	279	322	355	358	362	353	348	359	343	354
Inspections	296	334	390	319	450	496	475	427	426	505
Complaints investigated	27	50	24	34	400	400	470	721	420	000
Council on Aging	21	00	2-7	04						
Home delivered meals served	15,600	16,220	17,890	17,890	15,759	16,987	15,040	14,625	15,898	19,603
Medical-van trips	3,280	3,156	3,040	4,321	1,980	3,186	2,832	2,945	2,347	4,182
Libraries	3,200	3,130	3,040	4,321	1,500	3,100	2,032	2,943	2,547	4,102
Volumes in collection	105,742	106,820	108,604	99,071	97,566	104,078	112,017	119,325	109,304	111,646
	204,349	203,695	211,666	220,452	239,114	241,796	235,300	247,321	243,811	235,964
Circulation										
Program attendance	10,582	10,660	8,538	9,402	13,364	13,351	12,500	14,907	12,274	11,217
Youth & Family Services									. ==-	
Misc resident clinical consultation hours	700	950	950	910	900	1,397	1,268	1,320	1,500	683
Recreation										
Participants	5.694	6.319	6.271	7.032	6.982	6.711	7.105	6.832	6.950	7.967
	-,	-,	-,	.,	-,	±1	.,	-,	-,	.,-51

Estimate

NA Information not available

Source: Various Town Departments

Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year									
Function/Program	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
General Government										
Number of Buildings	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	3	3	3
Police										
Number of Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Fire										
Number of Stations	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Education										
Number of elementary schools	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Number of middle schools	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of high schools	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Human Services										
Senior Center Facility	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Culture and Recreation										
Libraries	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Conservation land (acreage)	583	654	738	760	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	700

Source: Various Town Departments

How Does Westwood Compare with Other Communities?

In determining the list of communities with which to compare Westwood, three factors were considered: location, population, and per capita equalized valuation (EQV).

Location - Communities within a 30 mile radius of Westwood were considered.

Population - Towns with a population significantly smaller than Westwood probably do not have similar service demands; one larger in population will have increased service delivery demands.

Source: MA Department of Revenue

Per Capita Equalized Valuation (EQV) - This factor measures the relative "wealth" of a community by dividing property valuations by population. Per capita valuation is directly related to the amount of revenue that a community can raise via the property tax. It offers some comparison of a community's "ability to pay."

Municipality	Miles from Westwood	2004 Estimated U.S. Census	2004 EQV Per Capita	2000 Income Per Capita	
Canton	8	21,505	\$164,732	\$33,510	
Concord	24	16,919	\$285,814	\$51,477	
Holliston	14	13,919	\$133,628	\$32,116	
Medfield	6	12,397	\$169,463	\$42,891	
Sharon	9	17,847	\$147,209	\$41,323	
Sudbury	21	17,164	\$218,708	\$53,285	
Wayland	17	13,063	\$231,391	\$52,717	
Weston	15	11,595	\$401,644	\$79,640	
Westwood		14,020	243,613	41,553	

		Fiscal Year 2007		
Municipality	Residential Tax Rate	Commercial Tax Tax Levy Rate		Taxes As % of Total Revenue
Canton	8.88	17.94	\$45,760,358	62,66
Concord	10.56	10.56	\$56,065,720	79.83
Holliston	13.35	13.35	\$29,356,767	56.80
Medfield	12.27	12.27	\$29,706,074	63.79
Sharon	14.16	14.16	\$42,463,818	68.46
Sudbury	13.12	20.29	\$57,246,758	74.29
Wayland	13.82	13.82	\$46,081,060	78.55
Weston	10.26	10.26	\$51,442,333	70.04
Westwood	10.73	19.81	\$43,967,446	72.65

		Fiscal Year 2007	Fiscal Year 2006	2006	
Municipality	Average Single Family Tax Bill	State Hi-Lo Rank	Free Cash	Stabilization Fund	Moody's Bond Rating*
Conton	\$4.500	0.4	¢1 571 012	¢2 102 500	A = 2
Canton	\$4,509	84	\$1,571,013	\$2,102,590	Aa2
Concord	\$9,740	6	\$5,730,609	\$2,213	Aaa
Holliston	\$5,810	43	\$1,094,909	\$313,188	A1
Medfield	\$7,635	17	\$1,605,738	\$1,709,604	Aa2
Sharon	\$7,025	25	\$926,507	\$108,269	Aa3
Sudbury	\$9,221	8	\$1,916,902	\$1,597,992	Aa1
Wayland	\$9,548	7	\$2,293,518	\$163,344	Aaa
Weston	\$13,739	1	\$2,366,638	\$16,974	Aaa
Westwood	\$7,005	26	\$1,266,415	\$904,084	Aa1

Some Facts About Westwood

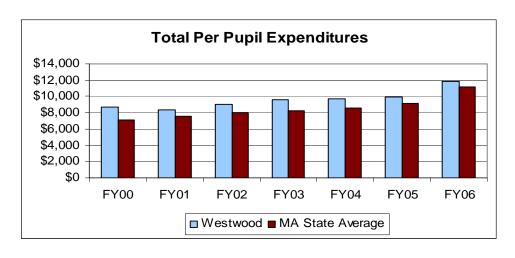
Form of Government	Board of	Board of Selectmen, Town Administrator, Open Town Meeting				
Population Trends		1990 2000				
•		12,557		14,626		
Registered Voters (2007)	Total	Democrats	Republicans	Unenrolled/Other		
	9,584	2,701	1,765	5,118		

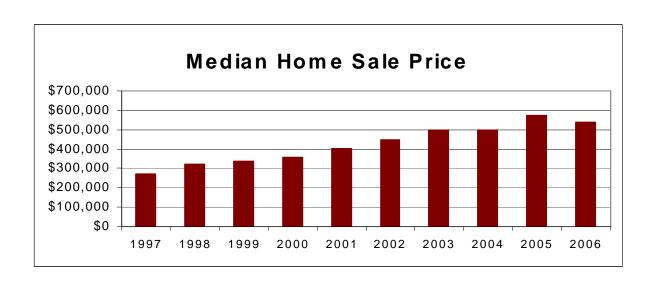
Westwood Schools

At Town Meetings in 2000, 2002, and 2006, Westwood residents reaffirmed their commitment to education by approving a total of \$46.2 million for the construction of a new high school and recreational sports fields. In April, 2005 the new high school was opened for students. The new school features beautiful classroom facilities, a state of the art media center, and a new performing arts facility.



Westwood's New High School

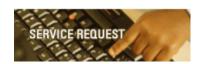




Important Links...

About Westwood
Address & Phone Directory
Community Resources Links
Employment Opportunities
Forms, Documents, Minutes
How Do I?
New Residents
News and Announcements
Photo Gallery
Traffic Updates
Upcoming Events





Questions/Comments? Contact us online....

Sources: MA Department of Revenue MA Department of Education

U. S. Census

Board of Assessors – Town of Westwood